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WAITING.

Far away, by the jasper sea,
Three forms are walking, side by side,
And now and then they bend to gaze
Over the ocean wide.

And three of us but walk and pray
Beside a dark and boundless sea;
We cannot pierce the radiant glow
That folds the other three.

They watch above the rolling world,
Waiting till one, at God's command,
Shall cross the space that lies between
This and the further land.

And, oh! I long for the years to pass;
And, oh! I cry for the time to be
When they who are watching with eager eyes
Shall bend and beckon me.

So sang I but few weeks ago,
When, through the silence, a message came,
And one of us passed to the distant three,
Hearing with joy his name.

Four walk now by the jasper sea,
Turning earthward their radiant eyes,
Where two of us now, with yearning hearts,
Look ever to Paradise.

—Anna B. Bensel, in N. Y. Home Journal.

PRIDE OF THE VILLAGE.

BY LINCOLN STEFFENS.

Mrs. Silvester Dean Leveen was polishing her brass knocker. Her long, thin hands rubbed and rubbed till the little white curls on her forehead danced like street children. Yet the labor had no perceptible effect. The metal shone like light, but so it did when she began to clean it. It had shone like that yesterday and the day before, and, indeed, every day for 60 years. There was a smooth circle all around the knocker where her delicate hands had worn into the hard, black wood of the door. Nevertheless the old lady rubbed away just as she had done every morning since the spring of 1833, when she was brought, a bride, into the house. She was the pride of Greenwich village then, and she meant to be still.

On this particular frosty morning Mrs. Leveen tarried longer than usual at her task. After the lion's head was satisfactory even to her sharp eyes, she worked on. But it was evident in the glances she shot across Bank street that her attention was not given wholly to the work of her hands. Neither was it diverted to her customary inspection of the neighbor's knockers. Theirs glistened like hers, and, besides, every time she looked up her eyes turned to but one door, that of the house in front of which stood two sturdy horses and a truck.

Pretty soon the door opened and a young man in a carter's blouse came out. He saw the old lady across the street, though he pretended not to. He busied himself ostentatiously about the horses' heads for a moment and then turned back to the truck. Mrs. Leveen had seen him. She bent herself earnestly to the knocker and in a few strokes finished it off. Then she faced towards the street and fixed the truckman with her eyes till he had to look up.

"Good morning, Aunt Martha," he said, as he doffed his cap.

She beckoned to him to come to her.

"Good morning, Percy," she answered pleasantly, as he approached her, cap in hand. "Come in a moment. I wish to speak with you."

The interview he had dreaded for weeks was upon him now. He knew from the first it was inevitable, but day after day he had put it off, omitting his usual calls on his aunt, and avoiding her sight and summons. Now that she had caught him he was glad. As he followed the old lady into her prim, comfortable sitting-room he made a pitiful figure of humility, but in the meekness of his soul there was the cheerfulness of finality.

"Sit down, Percy," she said, in the sweet-toned voice he loved.

He took the chair she indicated, and she seated herself in her old rocker.

"Percy, dear," she began, "is this true that I hear; you mean to marry this girl?"

"Yes, Aunt Martha. I was going to tell you, but knowing as you were agin it—knowing that you would not like to have me do so—I was afraid to come to you about it."

"Don't twirl your cap, my dear; gentlemen don't do that, you know."

He stuck his cap between his knees.

"I am sorry, Percy, you felt that way. It is my intention always to be kind and sympathetic. You should have been quite sure I would have heard your story through with understanding. Now, tell me everything. She is the daughter, I am told, of a German in Hudson street."

"That's right, aunt. Her father has the biggest corner grocery over there, and he has made his pile—I mean has made money since he's been there."

"How long has he been here?"

"Going on 25 years. He's almost an old Ninth-warder now. He's some in politics, and his family is right in it."

"Percy! I never knew them."

"I know, but you wouldn't. It ain't my fault. I wanted to have them all over to mother's so as you could be introduced to them."

The old lady looked as though she would answer this, but she did not. She was silent a moment before she proceeded.

"So her father is a grocer?"

"Yes; like Mr. Jamison, who you like well enough."

"Mr. Jamison is a gentleman, my dear. The misfortunes of his family can never alter that. The Jamisons are of the oldest Greenwich families on both sides. He is a grocer by necessity. This person of whom we are speaking is one by choice."

"Well, Aunt Martha, it's as good as being a truckman, and better."

Mrs. Leveen winced.

"You might have been a judge, like your father, or a senator, like your grandfather. I wanted you to enter political life."

"Politics is pretty low down these days," Percy remarked. "It ain't what it was. Besides, I tried to get an office from Mike McNamara, but he said I wouldn't do in any where the pay was as much as the trucking pays. And I guess that's about so."

The last sentence was cheerfully spoken. Mrs. Leveen looked at her nephew's ruddy cheeks and sighed.

"I do wish, Percy," she said, gently, "that you could have found some one in Greenwich. That part of Hudson street where these people live is way beyond the outskirts of the old village, out where the hog fields were till the immigrants began to settle around us."

"But what's the difference, Aunt Martha? It's all one now. There ain't no Greenwich any more. It's all just New York city, so what's the use of pretending?"

The impatience in the young man's tone amazed his aunt almost as much as the sentiment he uttered. Never before had he failed to show her respect. On the contrary, the humbleness of his demeanor had been a grievance to her; it did not become one of her own blood to manifest the same awe before her that an ordinary Ninth warder did.

The old lady straightened in her chair; the lines about her mouth stiffened and her eyes glistened like her knocker as she answered:

"Percy Dean! You forget to whom you are speaking. You forget yourself, sir, and your good breeding is evidently suffering from the associations you permit yourself."

Percy was frightened. The last time he had been rebuked in this temper by his aunt was when he was a boy. He meant no offense.

"I beg your pardon, Aunt Martha," he murmured.

Mrs. Leveen took her knitting from the table and worked busily at it till she was quite calm. She looked up after every few thrusts of her needle, indignantly at first, then coldly, and finally the habitual expression of kindness returned to her face.

"I dare say you are in a hurry to go to town, Percy, and I shall not detain you much longer. You may tell me something about this young—this girl. How old is she?"

"She is going on 19, Aunt Martha."

"Is she cultivated, educated? Come, Percy, tell me all about her."

"She went through the grammar school, I think, but she had to work after that? So she can't play the piano or sing, but she is a nice girl and can tend the house and cook, now that her mother is dead."

"That's right; she ought to be able to manage her husband's household. But tell me more about her. Is her voice soft, are her manners gentle, is she modest? Describe her to me, my dear. Is she pretty?"

Percy was encouraged by the few words of approval he had won.

"Aunt, she's a beaut', that's—"

"What do you say, a what?"

"I mean she's a beauty. She's got blue eyes and blond hair and the nicest, biggest, reddest cheeks. She ain't what you would call quiet; she's more livelylike. You ought to hear her laugh when we're down on the docks nights with the rest of the crowd. I'll bet you could hear her across the river in Hoboken. And jolly? If she gets a mug as is too fresh she can jolly him along to beat the band. But she's on the level, too. She does the square thing by her old man every clip. The housework has to be done before she's in for the game. And she slaves for her little sisters and brothers—just slaves for them, and yet she does it as willing. But then she's good to everybody; always ready to help out with work when neighbors are behind or sick or have company, and she sticks up for horses and cats and all like that. You wouldn't believe she was that way, though, to see her at a ball or dancing on excursion boats up the river. She's a good looker and a good dresser, and when she's out in full rig—well, say, she's a sight. The other fellows don't do nothing when we're out—"

Percy stopped short. Mrs. Leveen had risen suddenly, and she stood erect before him, tall and white and proud.

"Why, Aunt Martha!" he exclaimed.

"That's enough, Percy. Thank you. I see I have been wrong, all wrong, in this matter from the first. You shall have your way, for it is right. I consent."

"Oh, Aunt Martha!" he cried, springing up and seizing her hand to kiss. "I am so glad. But I knew you would after hearing about her. And say, aunt, you ought to see her once. You couldn't help but like her and admire her. Everybody in the ward does. Why, do you know what they call her, the men down at the Grapevine? The way you looked then made me think of it. They call her the Pride of Greenwich Village."—N. Y. Post.

PENNSYLVANIA FOX-HUNTING.

England's Packs and Hunts Have American Imitators.

While there is a general impression that Americans do not go in for fox-hunting as do the Englishmen, it is by all odds the most popular winter sport in Pennsylvania, says the New York Times. There are in the southeastern counties as fine packs of hounds as can be shown in England, though fewer in number, and some horses that hold their own against the best of English importations over as "stiff" a country as that hunted by the famous Quorn pack, of which the earl of Lonsdale is master. At a recent run 150 couples of hounds were out and about 200 riders. Just now there is consternation among owners of the Pennsylvania hounds because of an outbreak of rabies in the Strafford Hunt kennels, which has necessitated the killing of the entire pack of 25, many of them dogs imported from noted English packs. A rabid cur bit one of the hounds a few weeks ago, and this dog, after a recent run, attacked other occupants of the kennels. So all were killed as a matter of safety. There is fear that other hounds in other packs have been bitten, and that an outbreak of hydrophobia throughout the hunting district may follow. All possible precautions to prevent this disaster have been taken, and hounds which have been exposed are to be isolated for a time.

Why He Died.

In 1827 Mr. Zea, Colombian minister in England, died suddenly. He was insured in various offices, and rumor said he had shot himself. A meeting of one of the insurance boards was held, and the directors were talking the matter over, when Dr. M—— appeared, who was the company's medical referee as well as Mr. Zea's own physician.

"Ah! now you can tell us the true cause of Zea's death."

"Certainly I can," said the doctor, solemnly, "because I attended him."

Here he paused, and was surprised to find that his merely preliminary remark was hilariously received as a solution of the whole question.—London Household Words.

VAST WATER POWER.

Utilization of Great Natural Forces in This Country.

Possibility of Bringing Into Service the Tremendous Energy of Lakes, Rivers and Waterfalls for Industrial Purposes.

Chicago has it in contemplation to light 700 miles of streets with power obtained from its great drainage canal, when the waters of Lake Michigan are poured through it into the Illinois river; New York is looking forward to the day when power may be brought down from Niagara or from the Catskills; Boston is within the sphere of the Merrimack falls; Washington can get an abundant supply of power to light every street and public building from the Great falls of the Potomac, where 100,000 horse-power is running to waste; Baltimore and Philadelphia are situated near the tide-water step that runs along the base of the Alleghanies, while Richmond is directly on the step, with 50,000 horse-power in sight. In fact, few, if any, of our great cities are beyond the reach, if we may proceed upon the assumption of Tesla, (who says that the power of Niagara may be carried ultimately over any part of the American continent), of the energy of some cataract or storage of water.

The sudden awakening to a knowledge of an inexhaustible resource of power, and the ability to use it, must result in a great revolution in economic conditions, far greater than that brought about by the introduction of steam. This revolution will be felt in a greatly enhanced production, with cheaper cost to the consumer, together with a large increase and general extension of the comforts of life, such as may be included in transportation, power for domestic purposes, light and heat, including fuel, the cost of which will be considerably reduced. In the cities there will be, one may well believe, a wonderful transformation, and that within the cognizance of the present generation. The use of steam in the thousands of isolated plants will be generally abolished, light and power being delivered through the agency of electricity from central plants situated perhaps 100 or 200 miles distant. (Who dares set the limit?) The dangers of the steam boiler and the furnace in crowded buildings and beneath the sidewalks of the city, and the discomforts of the wholesale consumption of coal will be done away with for a cheaper, a safer and a healthier system.

Nor is it to be inferred that because we have water power we shall have no more steam and coal. Not at all. But there will be a more rational and economical consumption of coal, necessitated by the cheapness of the power generated by the turbine wheel and transmitted from the dynamo to the motor. It will no longer pay to mine coal and ship it hundreds of miles to the cities by our present cumbersome and wasteful methods (losing 30 to 50 per cent.) when its essence can be better sent by wire. It requires no spirit of prophecy to foretell that in the beginning of the next century the coal will be burned at the mine shaft, and every ton brought to the surface will be utilized. The power-plant located at the mine shaft, burning the "run of the mine," either as coal or in the form of gas, can better compete with the power-plant at the falls than can the furnace and boiler in the city. There will be no more black hills of culm at the mines, disfiguring the face of the country and choking the streams, and no ashes and cinders to worry the city consumer. The copper wire in the underground conduit will carry the energy safely and economically to the point of consumption, and the railroad or factory engineer, or the housewife in the home, need but to press a button to send the train at 100 miles an hour; to set the spindles or lathes in motion; to heat the house, or to cook the dinner.

The social phases inevitably accompanying this mechanical revolution may be far more beneficial than the economical gains, great as they will doubtless be. The saving to the housekeeper in time and labor will make her a new woman indeed, and the general introduction of the electric stove may reasonably be expected to cause a decided advance in the health and happiness of the race.

Whether the distribution of power from the falls and the mines will always remain in the hands of corporations of capitalists is a problem that the future must decide. There is no denying, however, that the object lesson of the universal public use of natural forces will be a powerful one from a collectivist point of view, and should any state (as Wyoming or Utah, for example) undertake the distribution of electric power, as cities distribute gas and water, the experiment would be watched with the greatest interest by the whole civilized world.—John T. Brimhall, in Leslie's Weekly.

Microbes Leap Niagara.

Prof. Frankland told some very interesting things about microbes in water during a recent lecture at the Royal institute. He said that these little organisms sent into the Niagara river from the sewers of Buffalo take the tremendous leap over the great falls, and pass through the fearful turmoil of the rapids and whirlpools beneath with little or no harm. But after they have reached the placid waters of Lake Ontario they rapidly perish, and almost entirely disappear. This and many other similar facts were adduced to show that quiet subsidence in undisturbed water is far more fatal to bacterial life than the most violent agitation in contact with atmospheric air. Hence Prof. Frankland argues that the storage of water in reservoirs is an excellent method of freeing it from microbes.—Youth's Companion.

War Dogs.

In German military maneuvers of this year, dogs will be used in the ambulance department. At the command "seek," accompanied by a gesture indicating the direction in which the search is to be made, the trained dog goes off to the field, finds the wounded man, returns with a cap, helmet or a piece of clothing, brings this to the ambulance men, and then returns with them to the spot at which the wounded man lies.—Detroit Free Press.

TOM'S WIDOW.

BY ANNA SHIELDS.

"Ye-es," said Mrs. Craige, as we sat sewing in her cozy sewing-room, "most folks notice that tidy."

The tidy in question was a nightmare vision, a combination of gaudy colors never to be found excepting in those horrors devised by the economical to use up "odds and ends." It was made of canvas, and bits of zephyr wool, left from more ambitious pieces of work, were sewed in pell-mell, without regard to color, in a set black that was enough to set anybody's teeth on edge.

"Do—do you admire it?" I asked, fearful of giving offense by plain speaking.

The old lady took off her spectacles, wiped them, put them on again, leaned her head on one side, and said, slowly and gently, in a voice mild as new milk:

"My dear, I think it's the most unutterably hideous object I ever beheld in the whole 70 years of my life. Nobody could have made that tidy but Tom's widow."

"Oh!" I said, not knowing exactly how to answer, for Mrs. Craige was almost a stranger to me. My husband, who was a missionary preacher, was making a lecturing tour and Mrs. Craige, an influential member of the Evanstown congregation, had invited me to stay with her and rest from much weary travel. I was soon made to feel at home in the dear old lady's motherly care, but it is easily understood that I could know nothing of herself or her neighbors and family excepting what she chose to tell me.

"You do not know who Tom's widow was, my dear," she said, presently, as I stitched in respectful silence; "how should you? Tom was my son; one of my sons, I should say, for I had nine, and four daughters, though you find me alone. Some are dead, some are married, but all who are living have their own homes and families. Tom went to California and started a business; he married there, and when he died it was natural for me to suppose that his widow would remain in her own home, among her own people. Tom was not 30 when he died, and I knew she was very much younger. But one day when I was grieving, as mothers will, my dear, for my son, there walked in a little mite of a figure that I should have taken for a child but for the heavy widow's draperies. She came straight to me, lifted her veil, and, looking out of a pair of baby blue eyes straight into my face, said:

"'I am Daisy, dear mother. Tom's widow. I am all alone in the world, but Tom said he was sure if I came to you, you would be good to me.'

"I took her straight into my heart, the little, winsome darling, and I loved her as my own. So, my dear, if I tell you of my trials with her, do not think it was from want of love."

I was sure it was not, for the dear old lady's voice was full of tenderness.

"It was lonely for her for one thing," said Mrs. Craige, "for her mourning, and it was a deep-hearted sorrow, kept her secluded; and as there was no need for her to employ herself usefully, she began to plan delightful surprises for me. She was possessed by a very demon for fancy work. While she exercised it upon sofa cushions and footstools with distorted dogs and dislocated cats embroidered in Berlin wool upon them, I endured in patience, although my old-fashioned ideas were certainly amazed at the sums Daisy spent on materials. Tom had left her well provided for, and as she had no expense here, her pocket-money was a very handsome income. As I said, I did not object to the poor little lonely child taking all the pleasure she could find in embroidering hideous designs on canvas, and putting the results in the most conspicuous places in the house, but this mild form of her mania soon gave place to the desire to excel in every species of work that came up to waste the money and time of idle women. This old house, which was in my husband's family before the revolution, is full of treasures endeared to us by age and association, and our sailors and travelers have added many a relic to the ornaments and furniture. The first piece of vandalism that I was expected to admire, and secretly groaned over, was the potichomanie transformation of a pair of Venetian glass vases that my son Henry brought from Europe for me. They stood in the spare room, and never was a servant allowed to touch them, the exquisite, fragile beauties! Imagine my horror when Daisy exultantly led me to the room and displayed her handiwork. My lovely vases! Inside of each one was pasted a colored landscape cut from paper, over which a garland of leaves was varied by bunches of grapes, currants, cherries, flowers, birds and butterflies. Then the inside was plastered with blue paint. What was on my tongue was never spoken, for the blue eyes danced with delight at my supposed pleasure, and how could I be cross to Tom's widow?"

"Could you never get it off?" I asked, pitifully.

"Never. My vases were ruined. The next really dreadful deed, varied by atrocities of minor importance, was Daisy's discovery of my great-grandmother's wedding-dress, a white-broceaded satin that we cherished far more than any old gold, but which Daisy ruthlessly cut into pincushions, embroidering each one and producing them triumphantly for a Christmas surprise. The girls were here—my girls—and my sons and their wives, and there arose such a howl as sent the wee blue-eyed mite to my arms in sheer terror. It was at that party that Willie Norman, whose brother is my Kate's husband, first saw Daisy. Long after the others had forgotten the pincushions, I saw Willie in a corner with Daisy, evidently consoling her. Two babies, together, my dear, though Willie is the dearest fellow! He came over quite often after that (they live at Fernwood, ten miles from here), and was kind enough to discover all sorts of latent talent in Daisy for decorating everything within reach. What I suffered from the decalcomania fever never can be described.

"I can imagine it. I had five sisters, and we were all smitten," I said. "What started as a beauty to cover unsightly spots soon became a frenzy! My mother came to the rescue at last and scrubbed away every inch."

"Willie brought her all the designs to be found, and carried the china she decorated (?) to be baked! Oh, my dear! The tea set made in Canton for Mr. Craige's grandmother's wedding present, with gilt monograms and quaint handles to the cups, all different, was decorated, carried off by Willie, the horrible pictures all baked in and then presented to me for a birthday gift. I could not tell you half, no, not the twentieth part of the dreadful destruction. You can see, dear, that the house is finished inside with oak, to which not a brush had ever been touched, but years of rubbing, waxing and polishing have made like glass. We pride ourselves, I assure you, upon our oak finish."

"And well you may," I said. "I have admired it more than I can tell you."

"Then you can imagine my consternation when I came home, after a fortnight's visit to my daughter, Marian, to find Daisy was painting the doors of the dining-room in panels. Willie had put on the first coat all over two doors—white paint, my dear! The panels were in red, blue, green, yellow—each a different color—and upon each a different design. Such spiky grass! such stiff leaves, that looked as if they were cut out of tin! such wooden birds, that looked as if their wings were held apart with a skewer! such staring roses, flaring with red paint—"

"'Such an altogether!'" I quoted, as the dear old lady paused.

"I groaned in spirit, but consoled myself by hoping that some new fancy would spare my grand old oaken doors. And my hopes were verified. Daisy tired of panel painting when the dining-room was finished, and last spring I had the doors planed down. They are a little thinner, but will polish up to the old tone in time.

"But after that day Willie was more cautious about her undertakings, though more devoted to her. She had been with me then nearly three years, and she had recovered from her first grief. She was very young, not 20 when Tom died, and looking like a little girl. So when she shyly ventured upon a white dress and some blue ribbons, and came down to tea looking frightened at her own temerity, I said, lovingly:

"'What a pretty dress, and how pretty my Daisy looks in it.'

"'You don't think it is forgetting Tom, do you?' she asked, with quivering lips.

"'I am quite sure you will never forget Tom,' I said, kindly, for she was trembling all over, 'but I am as sure that Tom loved you too well to wish your young life spent in mourning, even for him. It is natural for you to be joyous, dear, and nothing gives me so much pleasure as to hear you sing or see you smile.'

"She had been wearing her blue ribbons for some months when the scrap-picture and card-collecting lunacy started. I bore my portion of the martyrdom as valiantly as I could. I saw a priceless old Chinese jar that was an heirloom plastered over with butterflies and grotesque heads, and varnished, and did not faint; I endured patiently when a costly Japanese vase, a present from a dear old friend, shared the same fate; but at last the traditional straw was laid upon the camel's back."

I looked at the dear old face, lighted by a half-comical twinkle of the eyes, and wondered where such angelic patience could have given way.

"One of my boys," said the old lady, "my Paul, was a surgeon in the navy, and from every voyage he brought me treasures that became sacred when he sailed away and never returned. Amongst these doubly precious possessions was a sandal-wood table, a masterpiece of carving, with a top polished like marble. The heavy center-leg branched off into feet of carved leaves, supporting the center, which was carved into exquisite garlands of flowers, twisted round a tree trunk. But the beauty of the wood itself was the only ornament of the flat top.

"The table stood in a small room off the parlor, that was seldom used, unless we had company, and I never imagined it in any danger until, coming rather unexpectedly from a walk, I saw Willie's head and Daisy's bent over it. I hurried into the room. Oh, my dear! the whole beautiful top was covered with hideous advertising cards nailed on with brass-headed tacks.

"'Oh, mother,' Daisy cried, 'don't come in! It is not finished.'

"'How dare you touch that?' I cried, and then cried like a baby. 'Paul's table!' I sobbed. 'You have ruined it!'

"It was the first time I had ever spoken harshly to her, and she was like a child.

"'Oh, Willie,' she said, 'she is angry, and I thought she would be so pleased.'

"Willie was equal to the emergency. He took her in his arms, and cried, in great indignation:

"'It's a shame! Don't cry, Daisy! Oh, Daisy, be my wife, and you may nail scrap pictures on every table in my house.'

"Did you ever hear of such a proposal? Two babies, my dear. But they have been very happy, and there is not any aesthetic horror wanting in their home. Storks on one leg, reeds, sunflowers, lilies, dadoes and friezes. But there is a third baby now, nearly a year old. I expect to hear of that infant in classic costume, with a lyre in her hands, some day; but I can bear it. My responsibilities came to an end when Daisy ceased to be Tom's widow."—N. Y. Ledger.

A Royal Nurse.

The queen of Portugal kills tedium and wins popularity by persevering in her medical vocation. She goes regularly to the dispensary for children that she founded. On arriving she dons a nurse's uniform and proceeds to serious work. The managers are the Daughters of St. Catherine of Siena. The queen at first showed herself a coward when surgical operations were expected, but has steeled herself to suffering, and now holds on her knees little patients while in the surgeon's hands.—Albany Argus.

Left Out in the Cold.

"Jacques, how is it you never bring any good marks home from school?"

"Oh, papa, there are such a lot of us that when my turn comes there are none left."—La Famille.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

In a recently-designed door lock the key fits into the end of the doorknob and there is no other keyhole.

A newly-patented penholder consists of a small cap to slip over the end of the forefinger, in the end of which the pen is fastened for use.

To keep the baby cool while riding in his coach a fan is fastened to an upright rod, which is geared to the wheel below, to turn as the coach moves.

Extension leaves for sewing machines are composed of a flat piece of metal or wood, with the edges turned under the drop leaf, on which it slides.

For the prevention of dust on car windows a V-shaped trough is placed upright in front of each window to catch the dust and cinders, the opening being toward the engine.

A neat thread-cutter for sewing machines that is always in its place consists of a very small pair of scissors fastened to the push plate in the proper position to cut both threads at once.

The newest design in paddle-wheels for steamers can be fully submerged in the water, as the blades are turned with the flat side to the boat as they rise and with the edge to the boat as they descend.

A new car seat which can be used as a berth has the back of each seat in two sections, pivoted at the top and swinging upward to form the upper berth, the seat opening out below to form the lower berth.

A fifth wheel for wagons which will not run dry has its under section hollowed out to hold the oil, the upper section resting in it, and both being curved on a line with the center of the kingbolt.

Globular matches for use in an automatic cigar-lighter are little balls of sulphur and phosphorus, the lighter seizing one and igniting it when a lever is pressed, an ejector removing the waste portion after use.

A Russian has invented a rivet feeding and driving machine, which is composed of a reservoir for the rivets, a feed chute and a plunger, run by power and controlled by a foot lever, to drive the tacks or rivets and fasten them.

SHE REMEMBERED.

When George Washington Turned Down the Gas.

Apropos of Washington, whose birthday has just been celebrated, a quaint story is told concerning an old mammy who was discovered in his native town of Fredicksburg and who could not have been born when the general died. Mrs. Pickett, the widow of Gen. Pickett, of southern fame, told it with a hearty appreciation of its merits: "She was an old woman in a linsey-woolsey petticoat and a bright turban, and we found her in one of our jaunts around the city and took a kodak picture of her. One of the company asked her in fun if she remembered Washington—you see, she was very old. 'Deed and 'deedy I do, miss,' she answered, glibly. 'Perhaps you were one of his nurses, mammy?' 'Dat am jess so, missy—I nussed him when he was a leetle mite er baby.' 'Oh, then, you must have known about the cherry tree?' But she did not, and it was explained to her and she listened with much interest. 'Ise don' know nothin' 'bout no cherry tree, missy, but I 'mebers 'zactly when his maw found him in her room an' de gas a-burnin', 'cause he done turn it on.' 'Did he tell her he turned it on, mammy?' 'Deed an' deedy, he did, foh he nebber tole no lie.' 'But mammy, there wasn't any gas in those days.' 'Yes, dere was, honey; I 'members dat, too.' It was decided that old mammy had been the servant of some George Washington, but not our own immortal George, and she was left to enjoy her peculiar delusion undisturbed."

WAYS TO COOK VEGETABLES.

Potato Fritters.—Grate ten large-sized potatoes, add three beaten eggs, three tablespoonfuls of flour, and one tablespoonful of salt; mix well. Drop into hot fat.

Potatoe Omelet.—Fry a small onion, sliced, in a tablespoonful of butter; fill the pan part full of cold, sliced potatoes; salt and pepper; pour over them beaten eggs. Bake until it is a solid cake.

Carrot Fritters.—Beat two small, boiled carrots to a pulp; add four beaten eggs, stir in a half cupful of flour, moisten with a little cream, salt to taste, and fry by dropping by spoonfuls into hot fat.

Cauliflower Omelet.—Take the white part of a boiled cauliflower; chop it small, mix with it a sufficient quantity of well-beaten egg, and season. Put it into a well-buttered, shallow pan, and bake in a quick oven.

Asparagus Omelet.—Boil some tender, fresh-cut asparagus in a very little water with a small portion of salt; chop it fine; mix it with four well-beaten eggs; add two tablespoonfuls of sweet cream. Fry in hot butter.

Cabbage Pudding.—Boil cabbage until well cooked; set aside to cool and drain. When cold, chop fine; add two beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of butter, a half cupful of sweet milk, pepper and salt. Stir together, put into a buttered pudding dish and bake brown.—Ladies' World.

Planted by Monks.

At Interlaken, Switzerland, on the deep alluvial soil deposited by the rivers which came down from the great Bernese Oberland, a monastery and nunnery were founded in 1130. The monks planted a grove of walnuts about their buildings and a long avenue connecting the cloister with the neighboring village of Aarmuehle. They had learned from the east and south, no doubt, the value of the rich, fruity oil yielded by the walnuts, and to this day it is pressed in quantities here and used as a substitute for olive oil. The walnut trees still survive, hoary with age, picturesque and venerable, they now line the fashionable promenade, Hoheweg, where the whole world throngs to pay homage to the Jungfrau, crowned with her eternal snows. To-day, within the walls of the old cloister, the present Kries Forester, of Interlaken, has established a little "plant school," where all sorts of seedlings are grown, to be used in the work of protecting the flanks of the mountains against torrents from melted snow. Thus the monks builded better than they knew, and, in a certain sense, the modern forester here is their lineal successor.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - - APRIL 23, 1897

JAMES B. ANGELL, president of the Michigan university has been appointed minister to Turkey

THE entire National Guard of the state will attend the unveiling of the Washington Monument, Philadelphia, May 15.

AT Patterson, the home of Vice President Hobart, which gave a Republican majority of 4,000 last Nolember, the Democratic candidate for mayor has been elected by 1,500 majority.

IT is proposed to again tax the wool in the poor man's coat, but the millionaire's income will not be touched by the present Republican congress. The plain people, those who labor and earn their bread by the sweat of their faces, must bear the burdens of the government and promote the glory of the Republican party.

THE Democratic State Central Committee met at Harrisburg, on Wednesday and re-elected John M. Garman, of Nanticoke, as state chairman and selected Reading as the place for holding the next state convention. The time for holding the state convention was left for the executve committee to determine, bnt it is probable the date will not be decided upon until after the date of the Republican state convention has been fixed.

IN their growing embarrassment the Republicans of the Senate are disposed to follow the example of the Democrats in 1894 in adjusting tariff differences. They propose to pass the bill as it shall come from the Senate Committee on Finance, leaving to the committee of conference of the two Houses the final task of compromising all conflicting claims and interests. Such an experiment, if tried, would be likely to result just as it did in 1894—in a conflict in committee of conference, at the end of which the House was compelled to swallow whole the bill of the Senate or get no bill at all. The latter alternative would by no means be unacceptable to the country in its strong repugnance to the threatened disturbance of the entire tariff schedules.

IN one year under the McKinley tariff we imported 172,000,000 pounds of foreign wool. In one year under the Wilson bill we imported 206,000,000 pounds. That is, under free wool in the total wool supply the American wool growers had 46 per cent of foreign competition, and under the McKinley law 35.7 per cent of foreign competition, only 10.3 per cent less than under the Wilson law. This means that one-third of our woolen factories depend on foreign wool, and would be shut down if the policy of the Ohio shepherds prevailed and prohibitory duties be established on wool that we do not grow or even want to grow, that is, low-grade carpet wools.

BROKER Elverton R. Chapman, who refused to testify whether Senators had speculated in sugar stocks while the Wilson Tariff bill was before that body, will have to spend thirty days in the District of Columbia jail and pay a fine of $100, as Chief Justice Fuller, of the United States Supreme Court, on Monday decided against Chapman's appeal from his conviction and sentence. And the probabilities are that President H. O. Havemyer and Treasurer John E. Searles, of the Sugar Trust, will undergo similar punishment, as their case is similar to that of Chapman, and the indictments against them and Brokers McCartney and Seymour and Correspondents Shriver and Edwards will all be pressed and the trials of all exeept the newspaper men are practically certain to go the same way as that of Chapman. The newspaper men claim that their cases are differentiated by their assertion of a professional right to refuse to divulge the source of their information; but this may not stand the test of trial.

THE tariff-mongers, says the Philadelphia *Record*, are again piling up fantastic rows of figures to show the billions of money which the farmers and manufacturers of the country have lost (in their minds) through the wicked Democratic tariff of 1894. But there are a few substantial facts which the huge fabric of statistical ignorance and knavery is incapable of shaking. One is that under the existing tariff, with its wise policy of free raw materials, the exports of American manufactures are expanding beyond all precedent in commercial history. Although England and Germany have a great and prosperous export trade in manufactures, this country is now making greater progress than either of them in the same field. Another significant fact which tariff-mongering statistics cannot rebut is the eagerness with which American manufacturers are availing themselves of the opportunities of obtaining free supplies of wool, hemp, flax, jute, lumber and other raw materials of their industries before the Dingley bill shall obstruct their markets.

So rapid has been the reaction of sentiment in favor of the existing Tariff law that had the Dingley bill been postponed to the regular session of Congress in December next the manufacturing and commercial interests of the country would have risen in mass against it. In the presence of this healthy reaction the only resort of the tariff-mongers is to the production of fraudulent and fanastic statistics in order to deceive the public. The fraudulent array of figures of imaginary losses of agriculture and manufactures through the existing tariff is as simple and easy as turning sixes upside down and making nines out of them.

DR. Swallow has been making an investigation of the supplies required at the State Capitol, and the results are astonishing.

In the matter, of soap, for instance, he finds tne following amounts designated for the present year: Twenty boxes of Elder Flower Soap, 24 pieces in a box, at $4 25 a box, aggregating $85; 45 dozen German Glycerine soap, at $5 per dozen, aggregating $225; two dozen Tar soap at $4; 36 dozen Cuticura at $2 25 a dozen, aggregating $81; 60 dozen Colgate's Superfine, at $4 per dozen, aggregating $240; 18 dozen Colgate's sand soap, aggregating $13.50; 175 pounds of Yarritu Castile, aggregating $52.50; 10 pounds of Williams' soap at $4 50—making a total of $504.-50 for fancy soaps for one year, to which must be added $348 for scrub and cleaning soap, making a grand total for the year for soaps of all kinds of $853 - 50.

And here are the towels required for last year: One hundred and eighty-five bath towels, costing $150; 60 finer bath towels, aggregating $75; 300 homestitched huc, aggregating $225; 26 old bleach, at $45; 80 common, at $16; 144 hand huc, at $36; 1,200 Bird's eye huc, at $300, hemstitched with words "Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," the whole aggregating $874. And the requirement for the present year is even greater, 1,342 towels being listed, at an aggregate cost of $917.

Three thousand dollars' worth of flowers are to be added to the already large collection in the conservatory. "One hnndred bushels of grass seed" are to be sown on the Capitol lawn, at a cost of $280, and the growth is to be assisted by "five tons of ground bone," costing $175, and "2,000 pounds of nitrate of soda, listed at $80.

During 1896 the bill for bay rum in the Capitol barber shop was $55.

For the present year over 800 cuspidors are being bought for something ltke $1,000, and $261 is to be expended for rubber mats, on which these cuspidors are to stand.

Three hundred and sixty boxes of shoe blacking are required for the year, costing $36.

Six hundred dollars will be expended on office clocks.

These are but trifling samples of the way the money of the taxpayers of Pennsylvania is being squandered under the system of bossism which now rules the State.

THERE is some belief, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, and not altogether without plausibility, that the war which has just broken out between Greece and Turkey is the beginning of the war between cross and crescent. There is a greater belief that such a war is inevitable.

It is not altogether unlikely. And when such a war shall come it will be practically impossible to determine who will have been the aggressors, who most responsible for the resultant bloodshed. At present the war is not between cross and crescent but between two neighbors who were never cordial in their relations but always quarreling with or without pretext. Turks and Greeks are fighters and have been always, and almost any excuse for a ruction between them has been usually satisfactory.

If any universal policy of war spring from the present fighting it will not be one of destruction to cross or cresent but the overthrow of governments which are inimical to human liberty. Turkey, with her position, a veritable interloper in Europe, with her policies of individual repression and bloodshed, daily violated all the tenets of liberty which her neighbors held sacred, and is the first to feel their resentment. Others will follow in their turn and all the autocratic governments may make a final stand against the spread of freer government, but the result is fore-ordained. The struggle, however, will not be immediate, but will probably spread over the greater part of the next century.

The only likely immediate effect of the present war, upon other powers, may be the embroilment of certain European states. German officers are known to be aiding the Turks. This will naturally arouse indignation and perhaps induce the sending of other Europeans to help Greece—and there is a satisfactory beginning. The powers m ust stop the fight or go into it. But it will probably not be cross against cresent for awhile.

IT is strange how dead Mr. Dingley and the other Republican leaders are to the significance of contemporary facts. At the very juncture when the supreme court of the United States has struck an astonishing and shattering blow to the organization of business on the plan of conspiracies to prevent competition, we see the newly restored party putting all its power at the service of the trusts, and devoting its energies openly to the framing of a scheme of taxation which is obviously and notoriously based on the undemocratic and nefarious principle of public taxation for private profit. The party apparently without the slightest consciousness of what it is really about, is sentencing the protective system to death and committing suicide. The people are swiftly coming by evolution to the point where they will determine whether they are to rule the trusts or permit the trusts to rule them, and the Republican party in congress is going ahead in the sight of all men doing its best to strengthen and arm the trusts for the battle with the people.

THE war news caused great excitement in the cities among the speculators in bonds, stocks and wheat. Prices went up and down and some lost or won fortunes. The flunctuations were rapid. Advices from England showed an advance of 6 cents per bushel at Liverpool. May wheat closed at 75 cents, but some was bought at 78 cents, for both May and July.

Robbers Roasted the Victims.

Findlay, O, April 17.—The famous Blakesley family, living three miles from this city, were robbed and tortured at 3 o'clock this morning by twelve masked robbers. The family consists of Mrs. Rebecca Blakesley, Eliza Blakesley, a daughter, and John and Smith Blakesley, sons. They are the possessors of valuable oil fields and are known as misers. By common report for years they have hoarded money in the house.

The burglars broke into the bedroom where all four people were sleeping, and a desperate fight ensued. Both John and Smith were beaten into insensibility and Mrs. Blakesley and the daughter were bound hand an foot. Torches were applied to their feet to make them reveal the hiding place of the treasures, without avail.

Some of the robbers meanwhile were ransacking the house and found in a bureau drawer $5,000 in bills and three gold watches. Eliza was the first to release herself from bondage and summoned held from the city.

John Blakesley is in a critical condition and it is feared he will die. Smith's head was cut open and the feet of both women are badly burned.

Butchered With an Ax.

Barbonrsville, W. Va, April 19.—A tragedy that for ghastly details surpasses any crime committed in this vicinity during recent years, occurred last night near here. Mrs. Amos Reynolds, an aged woman, being brutally murdered by her son's wife and her body terribly mutilated, the head being completely severed with an ax. The families lived together in one house, and for some time past there has been bickering and quarrelling between the two women, the daughter-in-law claiming that her husband's mother interfered too frequently in her affairs. Last night the quarrel was renewed, and in the midst of the dispute the young woman attacked Mrs. Reynolds with an ax, striking blow after blow until her rage was spent and her victim dead in a pool of blood The head was chopped off, seemingly wi h one blow. The daughter-in-law and her husband have been arrested. The murderess does not deny her crime, but maintains a stolid and indifferent demeanor.

Child Life Insurance.

Philadelphia, April 19.—State Senator Kauffman, of Lancaster county, was in the city to-day in conference with officers of an insurance company regarding alleged efforts on the part of certain senators to secure $5,000 for the defeat of a bill to prohibit child life insurance in Pennsylvania.

"We propose," said Senator Kauffman, "to our utmost to have the matter investigated. The suspicion is abroad that the present senate is holding up everything and everybody in sight, and that the senators are making a barrel of money. I, for one, intend to see that the facts concerning this insurance scandal are brought to light, and if we cannot have an investigating committee appointed we will ask for the appointment of a commission to hear the testimony. Failing in that we will be compelled to publish the affidavits that have been made in this connection."

Over the South Penn's Route.

Chambersburg, Pa., April 18.—There will be an extension of the Cumberland Valley Railroad from Richmond to the Tuscarora tunnel and West Bedford coal region. From Newville the branch line will run over the old South Pennsylvania route and connect with an extension of the Cumberland Valley in Path Valley.

The South Pennsylvania tunnels will be put in shape for running tracks and rails will be laid there during the next few months.

All plans for the lengthening of the Cumberland Valley are finished, and speedy completion of the road is anticipated. The new extension will give to the road a large amount of freight traffic.

Rode Through Flames.

Lebanon, April 18.—Engineer Edwin Shirk, Brakeman James Wright and Car Inspector John Focht escaped being roasted to death to-dayby the former's coolness. When a cinder tub exploded at Colebrook furnaces molten metal was thrown into the the cabin, where the three men stood, and covered the track to a depty of several inches,

Shirk threw the throttle wide open and the engine slowly made its way through the fiery mass.

The cinder set fire to the cabin, and before the men could escape their faces and hands were severely burned. The engine was badly damaged.

The Pittsburg Miners.

Pittsburg, April 19.—To-day's session of the legislative committee appointed to investigate the condition of the miners in this district was devoted to hearing the operators. W. P. DeArmit, President of the New York & Cleveland Gas & Coal Company, was on the stand all morning. He said the miners are getting fifty-four cents per ton and were paid for all coal mined. As regards wages, the miner, he said, was getting more than his share. As an illustration the company, on a $100,000 investment, had a profit of less than one per cent. last year.

Circus Cars Badly Wrecked.

When the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' circus was pulling out of the Ft. Wayne railroad yards in Allegheny on Wednesday morning at 3 o'clock the three rear cars of the train were thrown from the track and a number of gondolas, upon which wagons were loaded, were upset. On the last three cars were the cages of the hippopotamus, sea lions, lions and kangaroos, and when the crash came the animals set up a terrible howl. The circus people said their damage will amount to about $10,000.

General Grant's Body removed

New York, April 19.—The body of General Grant was removed Saturday afternoon from the temporary tomb which has sheltered it for nearly 12 years to the imposing mausoleum which is destined to be its permanent resting place. There was no elaborate ceremonial, and beyond the attendance of a guard of honor the removal was accomplished without special incident. The interest of the public in the event was attested by the presence of several thousand people, although the hour for the removal had not been previously announced.

CONGRESSMAN SHATTUC, of Ohio, has nominated D. J. Bundy, a colored boy of Cincinnati, a cadet to the Annapolis naval academy. Many white cadets at at that institntion threaten to resign if Bundy enters.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Washington Letter.

Washington, April 16th, 1897.—Senator Gorman, took occasion to give the Republicans a little plain talking to concerning their failure to accept the very fair proposition made to them for filling the committee vacancies and the consequent failure to give the appropriation bills which failed at the last session the proper committee consideration, just before the Indian bill was taken up. The total of these appropriations will be more than $73,-600,000, and Mr. Gorman said that a careful consideration of them might result in a reduction of at least $10,000,000. He also said that it was time to call a halt in the vast expenditures authorized by congress; that the limit of expenditures on the navy and on fortifications ought to be near, now that an era of peace seemed to be at hand, and and that he thought it was also time to limit the expendltures on rivers and harbors. He closed by saying that the Democrats could do no more than call the attention of senators on the other side to the urgent need of retrenchment. It is not expected tnat Mr. Gorman's warning words will have any effect, but all the same they were timely, and it was entirely proper that they should have been spoken by a Democrat. The country will heed, if the Republicans in congress do not.

Nothing in the eloquent address made by Mr. Bryan at the Jefferson birthday banquet, a gathering of Democrats that will not soon be forgotten, was more important or significant than the following words: "The position taken by the Democratic party in 1896 will not be surrendered. If you doubt the permanency of the Chicago platform as a party creed, go among the rank and file of the party and measure the zeal and enthusiasm which that platform has aroused, and you will realize the impossibility of taking a backward step. True, the present administration is seeking to turn public attention to the tariff question, but if our reasoning is well founded, an increase of taxes cannot restore prosperity to the producers of wealth. In fact, we contend that neither high nor low taxation can bring prosperity to the people, so long as an appreciating dollar continues to give the money owner an advantage over the rest of the people. The money question must be the paramount issue of the next campaign, as it was of the last. If the Dingley bill brings genuine and permanent prosperity, the Democratic party will not be in a position to win a contest by opposing it. If, on the other hand, the Dingley bill proves a disappointment to those who advocate it, our position of 1896 will be strengthened, and public attention will be riveted upon the fact that the cause of financial depression is to be found in our monetary system."

Senator Nelson, of Minn,. although a Republican, is in sympathy with the efforts made by the Democrats in the house to amend the tariff bill by authorizing the president to suspend the collection of duties upon any imported article, the home product of which is shown to be controlled by a trust, as he has given notice of his intention to offer the same amentment when the tariff bill gets before the senate.

Secretary Gage's answer to the senate resolution concerning the issue of orders by the secretary of the treasury to collectors of customs in relation to carrying out the retroactive clause of the Republican tariff bill not being at all satisfactory, Senator Vest offered a resolution declaring this order to be without authority of law and in violation of the statues and customs regulations concerning the payment of import duties, and by a bare majority of one it was referred to the finance committee, to be pigeonholed.

Democrats would be delighted to see Mr. McKinley's bluff, otherwise known as the special diplomatic commission to visit Europe with power to negotiate with the governments of that section in behalf of international bimetallism, succeed in accomplishing something tangible but none of them have the slightest idea that it will. The commissioners, Senator Wolcott, General Paine, of Mass, and Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, of Ill., are capable men, and their failure to accomplish an impossibility will be no personal reflection on them.

Senator Morgan closed his long speech in favor of his resolution recognizing the Cubans as beligerents by declaring that whatever action this country might or might not take towards Cuba the freedom of the island was written in the stars.

Senator Chandler's bills for the seizzure of the armor plants of the Bethlehem and Carnegie Steel companies by the government, represent a verv dangerous sort of bluff, for it is evident they are nothing else. That these companies have been extortionate in their dealings with the government is true, but that doesn't give congress any right to confiscate their property. M.

Guarded His Trust.

While resisting the entry of two desperate and determined robbers, and during a heroic but futile struggle to protect $150,000 or more in money and securities in the compartments of the open vault of the Great Falls National Bank, of Somersworth, N. J., on Monday afternoon, Cashier Joseph A. Stickney was struck down and brutally murdered near the desk which he had occupied for years.

After killing Stickney the murderers ransacked the vault and fled with all the cash it contained, with the exception of a $5 gold piece. As near as can be estimated, about 6,000 was taken, but it is possible that the loss will considerably exceed this sum, as no one but the dead Cashier knew the exact amount that was in the institution at the time.

The robbers, after knocking Stickney down with a blackjack, cut his throat. The most remarkable feature of the robbery is the fact that $100,000 in bonds of the United States, which were kept in one of the drawers of the big vault, and which the robbers evidently examined hastily, were not taken.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 40 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone. Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free, of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland Swedish and Bohemian.

THE REVISED TARIFF.

Senators Have the Bill Nearly Completed.

MANY REDUCTIONS WERE MADE.

Few Requests For Increases Granted. Wool Men Still Pressing For Radical Changes—Retroactive Clause Modified. Conferred With Senators on the Floor.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The presence on the floor of the senate of the members of the Republican sub-committee of the senate finance committee, which is engaged in preparing the tariff bill, was made the basis of much speculation. The members of the committee were closeted for a time with Senator Vest of the Democratic side of the finance committee, and afterward held individual conferences with other senators on both sides of the chamber.

It was generally supposed that the committee had reached a point from which the end of its arduous work could be discerned, and that preparation was being made for a full meeting of the committee. This did not prove to be exactly true, but the visit was made for the purpose of smoothing the way for the final work. The committee is approaching the end of its labors and various senators, who are making persistent demands for changes, were called upon with a view to arriving at an understanding.

Among the problems which are yet unsettled are those relating to sugar, lead ore and wool. Some senators have manifested a disposition to hold out persistently for certain modifications of the schedules referring to these and other articles. The members of the committee, while not indicating their own position or that of the committee, have thought it well to talk over these matters with the complaining senators. They are anxious to bring in a bill that will command the united support of the Republican party and that will be sure to become a law.

They think they will succeed, but beyond this they said little, except that they expect to report the bill to the full committee some time next week. The committee say that none of the changes will be announced until all are given to the public.

Members of the committee told their colleagues that many reductions have been made from beginning to end of the bill, because of the belief on the part of the committee that some of the house rates would be prohibitive. They have listened patiently to advocates of increases, but have granted few of the requests. One of the members said that the bill would be a revenue bill and not a prohibitive bill. The committee practically has agreed upon a modification of the retroactive clause of the Dingley bill, which it is hoped, will be satisfactory to the opponents of the house provision.

The wool men are still pressing for radical changes. The woolgrowers are not satisfied with the rates of the Mantle amendment, but want a complete change of classification, and still insist that no wools shall be admitted for less than 8 cents a pound. While some changes are probable in this schedule, it is quite certain that these demands will not be entirely met.

THE PRESIDENT GOES RIDING.

He Takes His First Jaunt on His New Saddle Horse.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Judge Day of Canton, the special envoy to Havana, has called at the White House, but did not see the president. Senator Gray of Delaware and Representative Bland of Missouri also paid their respects.

The president gave a reception to the members of the National Academy of Sciences, who are in session in this city.

Harold Sewall of Maine, son of the late Democratic candidate for vice president, who is an applicant for the Hawaiian mission, had an extended consultation with Mr. McKinley, but declined to make any statement regarding the subject of his visit.

The Kentucky thoroughbred, Bismark, Jr., which was purchased for the president some time ago by a gentleman in Cincinnati, has arrived at the White House stables. The horse is a beautiful animal, spirited, but well broken and trained. The horse showed no ill effects from his trip. President McKinley took his first ride astride his back.

CONFESSED TO MURDER.

Man Caught In Montreal Says He Killed New Hampshire Cashier.

MONTREAL, April 21.—Joseph E. Kelly has confessed to the murder of Cashier Stickney at Somersworth, N. H. He admitted that he committed both the murder and the robbery and says he had no accomplice.

He vehemently insisted, however, that he had had no intention of killing the cashier, but that he had to do it because the old gentleman recognized him. After felling Mr. Stickney with blows on the head, when the cashier showed signs of regaining consciousness he slashed him with a knife.

Nominated by the President.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The president sent to the senate the following nominations, among which were several of importance, including John A. Merritt of New York, to be third assistant postmaster general; Cornelius Van Cott, to be postmaster at New York city; John L. Davenport of New Hampshire, to be first deputy commissioner of pensions; Leverett M. Kelley of Illinois, second deputy commissioner of pensions.

Hat Trimmings Case Decided.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—The famous hat trimmings case, which indirectly involved between $20,000,000 and $25,-000,000 in duties, and which has been postponed from time to time for the past three years, has been finally decided in favor of the government by a jury in the United States circuit court.

An Old River Pilot Dead.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—Captain Charles Wesley Blunt, a veteran river pilot known among river and army men from Yankton to New Orleans as "Uncle Charles," is dead as the result of an attack of grip. He was born in Columbus.

Rusie to Play In New York.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 21.—Amos Rusie states positively that he has signed a New York contract and had forwarded it to President Freedman on Monday. Rusie left for New York this morning.

MOBILE, Ala., April 21.—The thirty-second international convention of the Y. M. C. A. convened in this city today.

—Eleven out of the 12 big daily newspapers of Chicago opposed the election of Carter Harrison as mayor of that city. Notwithstanding, Mr. Harrison was elected by a plurality of 77,000.

B. & B.

Right now we have the largest and best collection of

Wash Goods

ever shown here, and we're putting such stress on choiceness of goods, of colorings, of designs for the prices as show that we're determined to merit your order—and if we do that, as we will, we'll get them.

Samples of every kind ready to send—widths and prices plainly marked thereon—and the goods when seen, will proclaim their own merits.

French Organdies here in wondrous array—fine sheer goods, 25, 30 35c.

—largest lot at the 30c. price.

French Organdie Rayes—striped Organdies—the choice fine wash fabric of the season—35c.

Best American Organdies, 10, 12½, 15c.

Finest Imported Dimities, 15. 20, 25c.

Other neat colored Dimities, 6¼ to 12½c.

Linen Homespuns, 10, 12½. to 45c.

New Novelties in beautiful colorings and designs, 20c. to $1.25.

SPECIAL OFFERING OF

New Wash Goods, 8c.

—white grounds with neat colored figures and fancy colored striped effects—pinks (good deep pinks) with white line stripes—fancy figured stripes in pinks and blues—navy blue grounds in fancy whiteprintings—splendid inexpensive goods for dresses, waists wrappers or children's wear. Get samples and see what a money-saving chance this is.

Have we your address for the new catalogue? You'll want want a copy.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 1y.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Assigned estate of James A. Malin.

By virtue of an order of sale issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, in the Seventeenth ward of the City of Johnstown, Cambria county Pa., on

SATURDAY, MAY 22ND, 1897,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

All the following described real estate, which has been assigned to the undersigned by James A. Malin and wife.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that certain lot of ground situate, lying and being in Moxam (now in the Seventh Ward of the city of Johnstown,) in the township of Stonycreek, County of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, said lot being known and designated on the plan of Moxham by the number of one half of 76; the southern half of lot No 763 and having a frontage of twenty feet on the west side of Park avenue and extending back the same width between parallel lines one hundred and twenty feet to Fourth alley; one half of lot No. 763 on one side and lot No. 763 on the other side, and having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY FRAME

Dwelling House.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down and the remainder in three month from date of confirmation; deferred payments to be secured by judgment of mortgage, with interst, at the option of the assignee

J. L. SMITH,
Assignee of James A. Malin and wife.

JAMES M. WALTERS.
April 2 3t.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, APRIL 30TH, 1897,

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following described property, the estate of Elijah Butler, deceased, viz:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Fifth ward, of the City of Johnstown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Fronting on the westerly side of Somerset street, and extending back ten perches to—what is now or was lately known as—Walnut alley and being known on the plan of Kernville as Lot No 59, and being the same lot of ground the title to which became vested in said Elijah Butler by deed of George W Kerne et al., dated March 10, 1860 and recorded in the Recorder's office for said county in Record Book Vol. 27, page 829, having erected thereon a

TWO-STORY FRAME

Dwelling - House,

in good repair, and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid when the property is sold; the balance of one-half on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remaining one-half in six months thereafter. Deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent. and to be secured by judgment bond or mortgage, as trustee may require.

HERMAN BAUMER,
Trustee.

EDWARD T. MCNEELIS, Atty., Johnstown, Pa.
April 9, 97 3t.

ELY'S

CREAM BALM

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

CATARRH

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

nov.10.94.1y

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISEASES. They purify the BLOOD and give HEALTHY action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

April 16 79 1y

BARGAINS

FOR

CASH

In order to get rid of our stock of goods a little faster, we have decided to offer for CASH some decided bargains the next two weeks, and on our line of SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS, SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR we will allow you to make your selection at one-fourth off from regular prices.

We reserve will nothing in these lines mentioned, and only do this in order to get rid of as many goods as possible before we move into our new store room. These goods are all desirable goods and old stock as you may suppose. Remember we give you one-fourth off from our regular prices on the goods mentioned.

In addition to these Bargains we are keeping up our Bargain Counters. Have just added a New 10c. Counter with lots of Bargains on it. You will do well to examine these goods as you can save money by buying these goods now, even if you should not need them at present. We are keeping up a good stock of Groceries, Flour, Feed, Seeds, &c., which we are selling at lowest prices. Call and see us.

Barker Bros.

Spring Announcement!

We can now show you the best assortment of Fine Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that will surprise you. Men's all-wool Suits from $5 up. Children's all-wool Suits from $1 to $5. No matter whether you are lean or fat, short or tall, we can fit you Our increasing business compelled us to enlarge our room and we have also increased our stock. We can now show you a much larger assortment of fine goeds than ever before. Our this season's Clothing has been made especially for us and is equal to any merchant tailor's make. Our Gents' Furnishing Stock was never so complete. We also carry the best line of Shoes in Cambria county. A visit to our store will convince you that the best place in the county to buy well-made, nice fitting Clothing, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes is with us.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your potronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

3 19 97

When You Visit

ALTOONA

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

THERE IS NOTHING

That enters into the home that adds more to the comfort, healthfulness and happiness than the Kitchen Stove.

The most careful attention is given to manufacture of the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

They are constructed to meet every requirement, and nothing is left undone to make them perfect.

They are the result of the best experience, material and workmanship.

You cannot find many cooking appliances that so closely meets every want or the housewife as the **CINDERELLA**

Noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

GOOD BAKERS, PERFECT ROASTERS

Sold with that understanding.

☞ Sold by the following dealers:

EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son.

[feb22.95]

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you wha to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep. Isn't it folly to confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

☞ WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg Post at only $2.00 a year. All the news

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits; quick sales; SAMPLE FREE; a rare opportunity. Gen. Agt., 648 Broadway, N. Y.

...mbria Freeman.

...ENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

...AY. - - - - - APRIL 23, 1897.

...OCAL AND PERSONAL.

...ames White, of Wilmore, visited ...rg on Thursday.

...Prohibition state convention will ...d at Altoona June 3d.

...ge Harry White, of Indiana, was ...sburg on Thursday.

...P. Moran, of Loretto, was a visi... Ebensburg on Thursday.

...William Skelly, of Gallitzin, was a ...n Ebensburg on Monday.

...C. T. Roberts is in Pittsburg vis... daughter, Mrs. Thos. Siviter.

...Postal Telegraph office has been ...into the new Barker building.

...C. S. Hayden, of Twin Rocks, ...a few hours in town on Wednesday.

...Daniel Hanlan, of Gallitzin town... spent several hours in Ebensburg on ...day.

...David Davis, of Johnstown, a for... resident of Ebensburg, was in town ...rsday.

...County Commissioner P. E. Dillon, ...township, spent a few hours in ...n Monday.

...Register and Recorder James M. ...of Jackson township, was a visitor ...unty seat on Friday.

...Andrew Eckenrode, one of Carroll... energetic business men, was a visi... Ebensburg on Wednesday.

...Controller of the currency authorizes ...rganization of the Moshannon bank, ...sburg, Pa., capital $50,000.

...C. M. Parrish, of Bellefonte, spent ...days in Ebensburg this week visit... parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Par...

...s Virginia Hitchcock, daughter of ...White, of Indiana, is in Washing... filling an appointment in the con...al library.

...Sheriff James M. Shoemaker and ...B. Flinn, of Johnstown, have pur... the plumbing business of John H. ...& Bro., in that city.

...correspondent says work in and ...Llandsville is very slack, some of ...colliers making less than $2 and ...them over $6 per week.

...Strang Henry, of Homestead, Pa., ...here on Thursday to attend the ...al of his brother, Ollie, who was ...here on Friday morning.

...he supper held by the ladies of the ...Name Church in this on Wednesday ...ng was a very successful affair, the ...t footing up to about $180.

...is said that if a woman gets what ...nts to wear and a man what he ...to eat there is no reason why they ...not live together and be happy.

...sers. J. R. Wilbur, the clothiers of ...place, have an ad in this issue of the ...PER that you cannot fail to notice. ...it and profit by the reading thereof.

...The breaking of an axle on a freight ...ar Winterset on Monday afternoon, ...to the wreckage of several freight ...and delayed traffic for several hours.

...Argument court brought a number of ...boys to town on Monday. A number ...motions and petitions were disposed of ...a business of public importance was ...sacted.

...W. S. Stephens, of Belsano, who re... purchased the Dr. Creery property, ...ain street, in this place, last week ...d his family and will make his resi... here in the future.

...Daniel S. McAnulty, an old pioneer ...of Barnesboro and Susquehanna ...ship, was stricken with paralysis last ...and on account of his advanced age ...precarious condition.

...Mr. Joseph R. Blair, son of Ex-Sheriff ...Blair, of the East ward, has been ...ed a clerical position with the John... company at Loraine, Ohio. We wish ...success in his new position.

...The passenger station at Ebensburg is ...handsomest building of its kind in the ... It is so far out of town, however, ...its appearance doesn't seem to worry ...people up there.—*Hastings Tribune.*

...Mr. Frank Hoover, an old citizen, of ...Cresson township, is seriously ill at the ...of his daughter Mrs. Hammond, in ...place. Owing to his advanced age, ...80 years, there is little prospect for ...covery.

...The remains of Ollie Henry, who died ...Lock Haven, at mentioned in last ...'s FREEMAN, were brought to this ...on Thursday evening of last week ...Friday morning were interred in ...Catholic cemetery.

...Samuel Palmer, of Greensburg, and ...Palmer, of Indiana, Pa., have re... word from Salem, Ore., that they ...beneficiaries to an estate valued at ...left by a deceased brother, Peter ...er. There are seven heirs.

...The Berwind-White Coal company, ...has purchased several thousand ...of coal lands in the vicinity of Scalp ...has given a contract for 20 double ...to be erected on its land there for ...accommodation of its miners.

...Thomas Allen, a 42-year-old resident ...Johnstown, was killed at South Fork ...day night in attempting to board ...bound west in order to go to Johnstown. ...was a miner by occupation and it is ...said he was in search of work when he ...his death.

...At the Somerset county court last ...week John and James Rhoddy, who were ...victed at the December term of court of ...murder of David Berkey, in Paint ...ship, that county last June, were ...anted a new trial. The trial will take ...at May term.

...A tramp called at a Clearfield dentist's ...the other day, and when the doctor ...saw his appearance the "Weary Willie" ...I would like to have my teeth filled." ...what with?" queried the dentist, "gold ...silver?" "Oh, just plain bread will ...," said the tramp.

...Edward Burke was badly burned at ...Cambria blast furnace on Monday ...ing. He was standing near the place ...where the molten cinder runs in the car to ...be carried out, when a cake of the hot ...stuff exploded, covering him with fire. ...He was taken to Cambria hospital.

...F. L. Parrish, a fireman on the Pitts... division, residing in Altoona had his ...right hand badly mashed in making a ...coupling at Ehrenfeld Monday. He was ...taken to the hospital, where the injury ...was dressed, after which he went to his ...home. The hand will likely be saved.

...A. J. Bearer, son of Mr. Joseph Bear... of Carroll township, who for the past ...few years has been studdying medicine ...with Dr. O. Helfrich, of Spangler, last ...year graduated from the Cincinnati Medi... College, of Cincinnati, Ohio, with high ...honors. We wish Dr. Bearer success in ...the practice of his chosen profession.

...United States Detectives S. T. Houtan ...and D. E. Ewing, of Pittsburg, assisted ...the Johnstown officers, arrested Harry ...Allen and George Williams in Johnstown, ...for robbing post offices at Tarentum, Ellwood City and several other western Penn...sylvania towns. They are said to be ...dangerous thieves. A third member of the ...gang escaped.

—John Nitchell, of Cresson, who was employed on the Mountain House grounds at that place, was found in an unconscious condition in his bed on Tuesday morning of last week, from a paralytic stroke and died on Wednesday afternoon. He was about 60 years of age. His remains were interred at Summit on Thursday.

—Mr. J. M. Heminger, who has had charge of the Postal Telegraph office in this place for a couple of years past will, on the first of next month, go to Connecticut, where he will have a position with the same company. Mr. Hemminger is an accommodating operator and all who have had business with him will be sorry to see him go.

—Some public spirited citizens of near Johnstown, will form a co-operative association for the employment of idle workmen. The persons leading the movement have mineral and timber lands, but no capital, and will share up with those who help to develop and operate these lands, the proceeds derived from the same. The idea is to give unemployed men work.

—F. M. Freeble, of Latrobe, has devised an invention that dispenses with the sprocket, chain, and pedals on bicycles, the propelling power being a motor in which gunpowder is the actuating agent. The powder is exploded in a chamber by electricity generated from a small battery. Almost any speed, it is said, can be attained without the slightest physical effort.

—Summit Lodge No. 312 F. & A. Masons, of Ebensburg, occupied their new room in the Barker building on Tuesday evening for the first time, the occasion being a reception, at which a handsome bible was presented to the lodge by the wives and daughters of the members. Hon. A. A. Barker made the presentation speech which was responded to by Alvin Evans, Esq.

—Charles Miller, a former resident of Glasgow, this county, died in Altoona on Saturday morning in the 54ta year of his age. He is survived by his wife and seven children. He was a member of Company D., 53d Regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers during the rebellion, and lost a leg in the battle of Fredericksburg. His remains were interred in the cemetery at Glasgow on Monday.

—The Altoona *Tribune* of Friday says: The vein of coal discovered some time ago on the Burkholder property in Homer's Gap has turned out to be a great find. A few days ago the miners who were at work uncovered a seven foot vein, which apparently extends a great distance into the hill. The mine is only one-fourth mile distant from the Wopsy, and there is great probability that that line will be extended to carry off the product.

—Julia Burke, a young girl who went to Johnstown recently from Indiana county, became the mother of a child on Sunday night which was found dead a few hours later. The circumstances aroused suspicion, but an investigation, exonerated the unfortunate woman. It is thought the child died from neglect, and the helpless mother alone in a bare room without fire or food was unable to save it.

—The house of Mrs. Elizabeth Rager, a widow who lives at Uhl postoffice, in West Taylor township, was blown up and wrecked with dynamite on Friday night. Mrs. Rager, her four children and John Hudson, the postmaster, who boards with Mrs. Rager, were in the house at the time of the explosion and had retired, but no person was injured. Neither the motive nor the identity of the dynamiter is known.

—The Pittsburg Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad has completed contracts for 600 cars built wholly of metal, that is bodies, under-framing and truck frames of steel. This is the practical ending of the long theoretical discussion of the revolution in the construction of freight equipment and is the first great substantial movement in rolling stock equipment involving a vast amount of capital that has been brought to pass in the last 20 years.

—The contest over the name of Cherry Tree for the postoffice now known as Grant has reached Washington again, and the Indiana county contingent expect to win, and have the right of that name for their historic cherry tree, announces a Washington dispatch. Four years ago Cherry Tree, Venango county, would not consent to give up the name. The action of the legislature in authorizing a monument for the spot has caused the new Postoffice Department officials to look with more favor upon the plea of the Indiana county people

—About two months ago when the snow was on the ground and the boys of Hollidaysburg were finding great sport in snowballing passers by, Charley Kratzer, the fifteen-year-old son of Porter Kratzer, spied Harry Ketner a half-witted man, approaching. "Hi, there, look out," he yelled, throwing a big, hard ball of snow and ice at Ketner. The latter sought to avoid the missile but it struck him squarely and so enraged the poor fellow that he drew a revolver and fired at the frolicsome young boy. With a scream Kratzer dropped to the ground, the ball having taken effect in his leg. The wound was given prompt attention but refused to heal and on Sunday the boy died after the limb had been amputated in a last effort to save his life. Ketner is serving a sentence of four months in jail for simple assault.

The Coal Trade Better.

Coal shipments from the South Fork district, including Dunlo and Ehrenfeld, continue to be good. Seventy-five cars a day are brought down the Dunlo branch and from the Scott mine, at Ehrenfeld 40 cars a day are being loaded. The four South Fork mines are mining steady. Since Monday the South Fork colliery which has been idle for six weeks, has been sending out about 20 cars a day. Work at all the shipping points in the mountain and Cambria districts is reported to be better. More coal is being shipped from the northern sections and the trouble between the operators and miners seems to be at an end in most instances. Judging from the amount of coal right that is being purchased in this section of the country by large operators the coal industry in Cambria county is going to be greater than ever, notwithstanding the many stories circulated to the effect that Pennsylvania bituminous coal is being supplanted in the eastern market by the product of the Cumberland valley and Virginia regions. Within the past two months many thousands of acres have been secured in Adams, Croyle, Summerhill and Washington townships.

Obituary.

PARRISH.—Died at his home in Munster township, on Sunday, April 18th, 1897, from a complication of diseases, Mr. James A. Parrish, in the fortieth year of his age.

The deceased was a highly esteemed citizen, a kind husband and father and respected by all who knew him and the entire community sympathize with the grief stricken family and friends in their bereavement. He leaves to mourn his loss a newly wedded wife and four small children namely, Rosella, Annie, Joseph and Albert. His first wife and one son, Paulinus, having preceded him to the grave. He is also survived by his aged mother, one brother Bernard, of Loretto, and three sisters, Mrs. Kaylor, of Loretto; Mrs. Williams, of Lilly and Mrs. Joseph Brown, of Ebensburg. His remains were followed from his late home to Ebensburg, on Tuesday morning by a large number of friends and neighbors and after a High Mass of requiem were laid to rest in the Catholic cemetery, of which church he had always been a devoted member. May he rest in peace.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 22, 1897:

John Edmons and Jennie Hileman, Johnstown.

Guy O. Longstreth and Sue A. Shriner, Johnstown.

Edward Morris, Dunlo, and Kate Hoenel, Punxsutawney, Pa.

John Emmil, Jr., and Louisa G. Pfeel, Johnstown.

Albert Dietrick and Mary Ellen McHugh, Hastings.

William H. Sutton and Margaret E. Storm, Cresson.

James F. Hoover and Mable M. Moyer, Cresson township.

George Kovaly and Annie Palliko, Johnstown.

Daniel J. Cummings, St. Boniface, and Dolly Boring, Van Ormer.

Franz Fitz, Johnstown, and Mary Krist, East Taylor township.

Jacob Gastley and Caroline F. M. Trout, Susquehanna township.

Patrick McGough, Portage and Mary Beck, Ehrenfeld.

Frank Hornauer and Annie May Malhorn, Gallitzin.

William Blecher and Alice Kesler, Johnstown.

Charles B. Salkeld and Victoria V. Jones, South Fork.

Franz Russ and Julia Hartenberger, Johnstown.

Lewis M. Little, Loretto, and Ellen Hobart, Clearfield township.

Samuel Arthur, Johnstown, and Mrs. Belle W. Griffith, Jeanner township, Somerset county, Pa.

Harvey F. Coons, Allegrippus, Blair county, Pa., Carrie C. Raymond, Gallitzin.

Robert Holt and Sarah Oversby, Dunlo.

Communication.

Carrolltown, Pa., April 21, 1897.

ED. FREEMAN:—The celebration of Easter in St. Benedict's church at this place was grand and impressive and calculated to raise the minds of all who attended to the serious consideration of the glory of the great feast commemorated on Easter Sunday. But we write more particularly to note the manner in which these services were enhanced by the choir of school children, male and female made up of the greater number of children of the parochial schools of Carrolltown. Their rendition of the various hymns sang, gave evidence of the careful and intelligent training of the good sisters who had charge of the parochial schools, and the remarks and comments of all who attended gave evidence of the charming and pleasing manner in which the school children acquitted themselves, and of the high appreciation by the public.

It will be but a few days until the parochial schools—which embrace about two-thirds of the children of the town—will close their terms, and it is but proper here to commend the careful, wise and effective management of these schools under the thoughtful and efficient charge of the Sisters of St. Benedict and for their zealous and painstaking efforts, resulting as it has, in the marked progress and success of the pupils.

Farmers busy plowing and roads fast becoming passable are indications that spring is here—we hope to stay its allotted days. More anon. E.

Voting by "Stickers" Illegal.

On Monday a decision of general interal was handed down by the supreme court in the contested election case of Martin J. Lawler, et al, appealed from the quarter sessions of Schuylkill county. It appeared that voters had placed upon official ballots stickers designating an office and the names of the appellants, and they were returned elected. This return was held to be erroneous by the court below, and the election void. In sustaining the lower court Chief Justice Sterrett said: "There is no authority in the election law, or elsewhere, for thus voting for a person to fill an office, the name or title of which is not designated on the official ballot prepared for the use of voters. It is the duty of those specially charged with the preparation and distribution of the official ballots to see that the name or title of every office be filled at the forthcoming election is distinctly designated as the election law specifically requires. The prescribed mode of voting for persons whose names are not already on the ballot is by inserting their names in the blank spaces prepared therefor in the right hand column on the official ballot. It is the name only that is to be thus inserted, not the title of the office to be filled. The latter is already printed there and constitutes part of the ballot prepared for the use of voters."

Reduced Rates to New York.

For the great dedication of the Grant Monumental Tomb, April 27, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell excursion tickets to New York to the general public from all points on its line, exclusive of Pittsburg and Erie proper, on April 26, and from Altoona and Williamsport and intermediate points, and stations on other divisions within one hundred and fifty miles of New York, on April 26, and for trains reaching New York before 12.10 noon on April 27, at rate of single fare for the round trip (no less rate than $1.00,) good to return until May 4, inclusive. All tickets via Philadelphia are good to stop off in that city within the limit. Tickets for military and other organizations in uniform, numbering twenty-five or more, traveling in a body on one ticket, will be sold on same dates, from points not less than twenty-five miles from New York, at a further reduction. For specific rates apply to ticket agents.

The parade on this occasion will be the grandest military demonstration since the war. Thousands of veterans, United States regulars, and state militiamen will be in line.

A Fatal Explosion.

A fatal explosion of dynamite occurred Friday afternoon about 4:30 at Franklin Forge stone quarries of the Pittsburg Limestone Company, limited, in Blair county.

James Leonard and Joseph Patterson, of Claysburg, and a ten-year-old son of Wilson Carbury, of Saxton, were loading a block hole. Nearby stood a can containing powder and dynamite. It is claimed that Patterson lit his pipe and threw the match carelessly away. A terriffic explosion occurred. The Carbury boy was so badly injured that he died last night. Leonard was seriously injured and is now a patient at the Altoona hospital. Patterson also was badly hurt. Dr. D. I. Heatherman rendered medical assistance as soon as he could reach the scene. Young Carbury, who was killed, was spending a week with his father, who is employed at the quarry, and lent a voluntary hand to the work. His body was removed to Saxton this morning. The quarry is operated by John Hogmire.

Killed at Two Miles.

A dispatch from Santa Fe., N. M., says: Francisco Navarro, a pupil in the United States Indian school, was fatally shot under peculiar circumstances. While playing on the college campus the boy suddenly clapped his hand over his heart and startled his playmates with a cry of pain, repeatedly exclaiming: "It is right here" The boys tore open his clothing and found that he had been shot with a rifle ball. No report of a gun was heard, and the ball had come downward from some unknown source. Later it developed that Deputy Sheriff Alexandria Allen and ex-Representative J. E. Lacome were shooting rabbits down the valley, fully two miles distant, and that a stray ball from Allen's Winchester rifle had, after traveling the distance, passed over the three-story school building and in its fall struck the boy,

Lilly Clippings.

Many of our citizens who had formed the acquaintance of Mr. James Parrish were sincerely sorry to hear of his death, which came like a flash. We trust earth's loss is heaven's eternal gain.

Many of our young ladies have retired the sewing machine and butter bowl and have hinged their future destinies on the road trackers.

Our people have got a move on. You would laugh to see the good housewife with a club in hand to beat John if Jack don't beat the carpet up to the regulation style.

The cold snap did us a deal of good by drying up the mud.

We met Judge Bell and Lieutenant Dively, of Blair county, Wednesday on their way to Cambria's temple of justice, to give a legal exhibition in Judge Barkers court.

The coal trade thus far this week has been very dull with little hope of improvement. The domestic or home consumption will drop sixty per cent. during the next five months of scorching days and chilly nights.

The home and surroundings of Esq., Leahy are undergoing improvements of a substantial character.

We are pleased to note that in the face of hard times our people are all happy and hopeful.

The public school term will close the last of this month.

Herman Connell, the obliging and gentlemanly agent at this place, reports a slight increase in business. And by the way, Herman leads the white ribbon crusade and there are others on his staff.

Our people generally are cleaning up, the alleys lanes and courts in and about town.

Half of our town has no regulation standard or system of pavements or walks and the other half have none at all. We certainly have had a town of class legislation. In the past ten years one half the people were farming the other half and feeding them on mixed candy.

We trust with your next issue the financial statement will be laid before the public for persual and comment.

The merry humming of the plough boy can be heard on our hillsides especially when a large boulder, or root is struck.

We trust by the time we transmit you the next mail pouch the robbins will come and nest again.

The commercial trade is certainly improving, so says Mr. P. F. Casey who is the pioneer salesman, on the Pittsburg division since 1863 and is still hale in the race.

Dr. McGarvy was a visitor to town today; he is always in for swapping, curing or treating all the ills that horses are heirs to. Call again Doctor and take a morning off.

Our friend John Halley is a John Brown man all through the race for sheriff. No stall, no compromise; Brown first, last and all the time,

A. L. Etmier, the jovial shoeman, is in our midst and is second to none but Casey on the route 38 years.

—General Grant's birthday occurred on the 29th of April, 1822, and there were a number of great men born in the same yaer.

ON THE WING.

Real Estate Transfers.

Administrator of Nora Ashcom to James R. Davidson, West Taylor; consideration, $325.

John Hirsch et ux. to D. B. Zimmerman, Lower Yoder, $1,600.

John Hirsch, by the sheriff, to D. B. Zimmerman, Lower Yoder, $50.

D. B. Zimmerman et ux. to George C. Habicht, Lower Yoder, $1,755.

George A. Hager et ux. to Louis Von Lunen, Johnstown, $1.

Louis Von Lunen et ux. to George Von Lunen, Johnstown, $1,800.

William H. Piper et ux. to David H Sharp, Washington, $26.

Sarah E. Morgan et vir to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Portage borough, $100.

Dennis McCauley to Annie McCauley, Susquehanna, $1.

Catharine Endres et vir et al. to W. W. Amsbry, Munster, $1,685.

H. Milton Purdy et ux. to John Edgin, Reade, $425.

John C. Barron et ux. to Henry F. Barron et. al., Johnstown, $5,200.

Jefferson Loan & Building association to Charles Jones, Portage, borough, $800.

Joseph McDonald, by the sheriff, to E. Roberts & Son, Ebensburg, $25.

Harry L. Boyle to Martha S. Neville, Lower Yoder, $300.

G. C. Plummer to Mark Marcella, Cresson township, $415.

Lincoln Messenger et ux. to Slater W. Allen et ux., Johnstown, $1,800.

James A. Parrish et ux. to Joseph Willebrand, Munster, $1,800.

A. V. Barker et ux. to Andrew Fess, Lilly, $600.

George C. Yeager et ux. to Frank C. Yeayer, Patton, $2,400.

George C. Yeager et ux. to Frank C. Yeager Clearfield, $300.

Cambria Iron company to Peter Keelan, Johnstown, $1,700.

Mary E. Woods et al., by the sheriff, to Michael Fitzharris, Gallitzin borough, $2,810.

F. C. Sensabaugh et ux. to James T. Fleming, Dunlo, $150.

John G. Kring, by the treasurer, to J. A. Shoemaker et al. to Israel Kring, Adams, $600.

Michael Hupf to George C. Kurtz, Brownstown, $250.

Assignee of Tyrone bank et al. to Henry Alleman, Reade, $150.

S. Klinordlinger et ux. to Joseph J. Donohoe, Dean, $1,200.

James C. Fisher, trustee, to William Reed, Jackson, $157.

John W. Otto, by the sheriff, to George H. Otto, Blacklick, $25.

Sarah R Davis et al. to Geerge H. Otto, Blacklick $1.

Cornelius Berkebile et ux. to Emanuel Berkebile, Richland, $1.

Elizabeth Berkebile et vir to Ira J. Berkebile, Richland, $1,400.

Ignatius Kurtz to John Berger, Johnstown, $1,000.

Frederick Daum et ux. to Francis Bischof, Johnstown, $800.

Alfred L. Miller et ux. to I. J. Wissinger, Croyle, $35.

Atlantic Refining Company to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Johnstown, $100.

James Newton Rea to Charles A. Frank, Johnstown, $3,625.

Cambria Iron company to James N. Rea, Westmont, $840.

Adam Trabold to Adam Berger, Johnstown, $250.

G. W. McGarry to D. R. Jones, Johnstown, $3,500.

Allen L. Boyle et ux. to Harry L. Boyle, Lower Yoder, $600.

Elizabeth Boyle et vir to Harry L. Boyle, Lower Yoder, $5,700.

—R. W. Sanford, a brakeman on the West Penn railroad, while coupling cars at Apollo, got the heel of his right shoe caught in a frog, and being unable to extricate his foot or to signal the engineer to stop, the train bore down upon him, mangling both the right and left legs in a horrible manner up to the hips. The surgeons could do nothing but administer opiates, and the poor fellow died at Blairsville a few hours after the accident. Mr. Sanford was about thirty years of age, and lived on Decker street, Blairsville. He was married to a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Smith, and is survived by his wife but no children.

—Scottdale and Mt. Pleasant school boards contemplate employing a music teacher in conjunction, who will spend three days per week with the schools of each town.

Miscellaneous Notices.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Key Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in April, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

WASH SILKS.

The goods advertised this week are all, in the strictest sense, GOOD GOODS, and are in the neatest patterns which we can find in the market. But they are sold from 10 to 30 per cent. less than you ever got them for before.

WASH FABRICS.

SCOTCH LAWNS, the kind that usually cost 20 cents a yard, for twelve and a half cents a yard.

DAINTY DIMITIES, stripe and floral patterns, 12½ cents a yard, usually 15 and 20 cents.

BATISTES, in unusually pretty patterns, goods sheer and fine as a French Organdie, 12½ cents a yard.

LAPPET MULLS, about twenty styles, in mostly dark colorings, 15 cents a yard.

FRENCH PERCALES, 15 cents a yard, a splendid lot of patterns. The goods are 36 inches wide.

COTTON ETAMINES, which it would take actual handling to distinguish from a silk grenadine, 15 cents a yard.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS, in excellent patterns, 15 and 18 cents a yard.

EASY TO BUY THEM.

The finest lot of patterns ever gotton together, and the best grades ever sold at the prices, as the samples will show, a new lot of 400 pieces, at 25 and 35 cents a yard.

New things in colored Dress Goods, at 50 cents a yard, which are wonderful bargains.

Whatever you want write us for samples of it. Mention this paper.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

Orphan's Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of the powers contained in the Last Will and testament of Joseph S. Borkey, deceased, late of the township of Carroll, in Cambria county, Pa., I will expose to public sale at the Central Hotel, in Carrolltown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, MAY 22ND, 1897,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by lands of John Flick, and Henry Hopple, and also by the public road leading from Ebensburg to Carrolltown, containing ONE ACRE more or less, having thereon erected A LARGE

TWO STORY
FRAME HOUSE

and stable and outbuildings, all in good repair. There is an orchard of good fruit trees, and a fine well of water on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, the balance of one-third when deed is delivered, one third in six months and the remaining one third in nine months with interest. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANDREW STRITTMATTER, Executor.

Carrolltown, Pa., March 17th, 1897.
April 23, '97 3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Cambria county.
In the matter of the first and partial account of Matilda Brown, administratrix of the estate of P. F. Brown, late of Ebensburg, deceased.

And now, March 8th, on motion of F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., Thomas J. Itell, Esq., appointed auditor to hear, decide and report upon the exceptions filed. BY THE COURT.

Extract from record.
Certified March 8th, 1897.
F. B. JONES, Clerk O. C.

Noti is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of the above appointment at the Attorneys' Room, in the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., on TAURSDAY, MAY 20TH, 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

THOMAS J. ITELL,
April 12, 1897. 2338.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Irvin; deceased.
Letters Testamentary upon the estate of John Irvin, deceased late of Curwensville, Clearfield county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

THE PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST COMPANY, Executor, 4th & Chestnut Sts., Phila., Pa.
S. V. WILSON, Attorney, Clearfield, Pa.
April 30 1897, 6t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Frank P. Moyer, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated to JANE F. MOYER, administratrix's,
THOMAS J. ITELL, Attorney, Cresson, Pa.
Johnstown, Pa., April 30 1897. 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Solomon Dumm late of Barr township, Cambria county deceased, have been granted by the Register of Wills to the undersigned. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY DUMM,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Solomon Dumm, deceased.
Nicktown, Pa., March 11, 1897. 19 6t. X.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Nagle, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of John Nagle, deceased, late of the township of Clearfield, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against the said estate, will present them properly authenticated for settlement

FRANK NAGLE, Executor.
St. Augustine, Pa., March 15, 1897 19 6t. X.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Michael Farabaugh, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of Michael Farabaugh, deceased late of Blacklick township, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHARLES FARABAUGH, Executor.
Blacklick township, April 23, '97. 6t X.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Ebensburg Building and Loan association that in accordance with the Constitution and By Laws, the annual nomination of officers for the ensuing year will take place at the office in the Key building, Ebensburg, Pa., on MONDAY, APRIL 26th, 1897, at 8:30, P. M.

LESTER LARIMER, Secretary
April 23, 1t.

FOR PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 24th, for plastering the St. Nicholas church. Plans and specifications can be seen at Rev. Rupert Traunser, Nicktown, Pa. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

BUILD A
STORM CAVE

A financial one, out of the little savings, one that will help you resist the next financial storm. Watch every item in your purchasing, save a little here and there, each day, each week, build it snug and tight. WE CAN HELP YOU. THE PROOF IS IN OUR STORE.

New Clothing Ideas!

Men's round cut sacks, dark brown mixed satinet, three pockets, $2.

Men's round cut sack, black cheviot, half cotton and half wool, a great bargain, $3.75.

Men's sacks in black worsted, very handsome, fancy weave, 4 pockets, flaps, vests with collar bound facings and open bottom. This suit is guaranteed every thread wool, $5.

Men's sack suits in clay worsteds, extra fine, made just right, a special value, $7.

Men's all wool worsted in sacks and cutaways, lined with elegant serge, a perfectly satisfactory dress suit, a special value at $10.

A SWELL SUIT.—Round or square sack, excellent quality of material, all wool or your money back, all the new colorings now so fashionable, in distinct plaids, elegantly tailored, sewed with best silk thread, good enough to wear anywhere, price, $7, $8.50 and $9.50.

BOYS' SUITS.

Sizes, 29 *to* 34. *Ages,* 12 to 19.

Boys' dark brown mixed satinet, a good strong suit, $2.

Boys' suits in black cheviot, part wool, an excellent suit for the money, $3.

Boys' ALL WOOL Plaids, the latest styles in boys' wear, $4.75.

Our line of boys' clothing has never been so complete as it is this spring. We can show you a good suit anywhere from $2 to $10.

CHILDREN'S
KNEE SUITS.

Ages, 4 *to* 14.

Children's knee suits in light satinet, 4 to 14 years, 75c.

Children's knee suits in plaids, very stylish, $1.50.

Children's knee suits in black cheviot, double breasted, $1.65.

Children's knee suits in all wool, black cheviot, a great bargain, $2.

Children's knee suits, with vest, a very pretty thing, guaranteed all wool, $2.50.

Men's Trousers.

Men's good strong cotton pants, guaranteed not to rip, plenty of wear in them, only 90c.

Men's all wool black and blue cheviot pants, extra well made, $1.50.

Men's all wool pants, nice light stripe, very dressy, $2.

Boys' Long Pants!

Boys' long pants, made good and strong, 75c.

Boys' long pants, in all wool cheviot, $1.

Boys' long pants, in blue and black cheviot, all wool, $1.25.

CHILDREN'S
KNEE PANTS!

Children's knee pants, ages 4 to 14. several different styles, at 25c.

Children's knee pants in blue and black cheviots in plaids and neat stripes, from 25c. to $1.00.

SHOES.

The brightest men and women prefer an easy and becoming dress shoe. A shoe either mars or increases your enjoyment. There are shoes that are made for people to wear, possessing every requisite that renders a shoe a comfort and a joy. Then there are shoes that look well, but they just are made to sell. Which sort would you prefer? Our shoes are footform shoes, of the famous Kreider make, Boston. They cannot afford to make unsatisfactory shoes. You take no risk for comfort, style and price, when you buy your shoes at our store.

MEN'S.

We have just received a job lot of men's shoes in narrow and square toes, lace, which we are now offering at 90c. Come early as they will not last long at that price.

Men's genuine calf shoes in the new coin toe are an exceptionally good value at $1.25.

Men's calf shoe in narow, square and coin toes, no dressier shoe to be found anywhere, $1.65.

Men's kangaroo in lace and congress, narrow and square toes, $2.

LADIES'.

Ladies' good strong pebble goat, in button, 90c.

Ladies' fine black dongola, latest toes, $1.25.

Ladies fine black dongola, both button and lace, narrow, square and coin toes, $1.65.

Ladies' fine kid shoes, both button and lace, all the different style toes, $2.

Ladies' French kid, hand-turned soles, none better, $2.50.

Boys and Girls.

Our line of boys' and girls' shoes is complete. We have them in all the different toes, both button and lace, and prices to suit any kind of a pocket book.

TAN SHOES.

This spring and summer Tan Shoes will take the lead. The craze is so great that the manufacturers can't make them fast enough to supply the demand. We have them in all the different shades, toes and prices. We can fit the ladies from $1.35 to $2.75. The men can find them at $1.25, $1.75, $2.50 and $2.75.

For boys and girls the line is complete.

If you live out of town and it does not suit you to come, simply enclose the price you wish to pay for a pair of shoes, giving us the size and color and we will send them to you by mail and in case they do not suit you they can be returned and we will refund the money.

HATS.

Our line of mens' hats is complete. We have all the latest blocks in stiff hats, from $1.00 to $3.00.

Soft hats for men for 50c to $2.50.

Shirts.

Mens' shirts from 25c to $2.00.

Suspenders 15c to 50c.

5 pair mens' cotton hose for 25c., sold every place at 10c or 3 for 25c.

Handkerchiefs, white linen, 6 for 25c

Neckwear, 5c to 50c., a complete line.

We defy competition in Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings and will compete with Johnstown, Altoona or any other large city. All we ask is a fair examination of goods and prices.

J. B. WILBUR & SON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.
DEALER IN
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,
Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

NOTICE

Hunting and fishing and all manner of trespassing without permission, strictly forbidden on the premises of the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Carroll townships, after date of this notice. Any person violating this notice will be dealt with according to law.

(Signed) E. F. McConnell, Mathias Strawmire Valentine Bishop, A. L. Buck, Wm. N. Hiller, Henry J. Link, C. E. Cressman, J. V. Sceenk, D. W. McConnell, Joseph Adams, H. J. Eckenrode, Frank Dishart, J. Barnett, Henry N. Schenk, Lawrence Koonsman, Peter Maloy Vincent Maloy Joseph Maloy, Thos. McCullough Mathias Scheuk, Henry Cooper, Philip Gray, William Dodson, Peter J. McKenzie, Charlotte Watt, John Conrad, Ellen Schenk.

April 9 1897. 3t,

GREAT
CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Fur Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

A GRECIAN VICTORY.

They Have Captured and Destroyed Damasi.

HEAVILY BOMBARDING PREVESA.

Turkish Forts Almost Dismantled—The Turks Within Ten Miles of Larissa, a Greek Stronghold—Heavy Fighting Reported at Different Points.

ATHENS, April 21.—The report of the capture of Damasi by the Greeks under General Smolenitz is confirmed by official dispatches. Official dispatches report also that further heavy breaches have been made in the Turkish forts at Prevesa.

Viglia is still resisting. Another division of the Greek troops, it is reported, has traversed the Reveni pass and captured three blockhouses. This division has almost reached Damasi, where it will effect a union with the force that captured the town. The 20,000 troops under General Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery.

Reveni lies 12 miles northwest of Larissa. Edhem Pasha, with a force variously estimated at from 10,000 to 14,000 troops, led seven assaults against it, but all were repulsed by the Greeks.

Crown Prince Constantine has telegraphed here that the Turks at that point were completely and finally repulsed.

In Athens greater attention has been paid to the operations in the neighborhood of Reveni than to those at Milouna pass. The theory all along has been that if the Greeks could establish themselves at Damasi their road would lie open to Elassona.

The exact situation at Tyrnavo is somewhat in doubt. The news from that point is conflicting. But there is no confirmation of the rumor that the place has been captured by the Turks. What seems to have happened is that Tyrnavo was evacuated in order to send troops forward to Reveni and was then reoccupied by troops returning from Milouna.

An official dispatch from Arta says that after crossing the Aracthos at Bani, the Greeks occupied the villages of Neokhori and Sakhikaina, where they strongly entrenched themselves. Colonel Manos is now advancing northward in the direction of Paraskevi. The Greeks repulsed an attempt of the Turks to cross the bridge. A number of Greeks, among them several officers, were killed and others were wounded.

MILOUNA PASS, April 21.—The Turks have commenced to shell the town of Tyrnavo. All the roads leading to Larissa are crowded with fugitives shouting "reserves, don't try conclusions with the Turks."

The Greek villages in the plain are completely deserted.

ATHENS, April 21.—A dispatch from Arta says that 3,000 Greeks have crossed the frontier at Bania, and a severe artillery duel has been in progress since Monday. The Greek artillery have silenced the Turkish imanret fort, commanding the town. Two attempts by the Turks to cross the river were repulsed. There has been brisk artillery and infantry firing along the line for about five miles. Two Greek officers and many Turks have been killed.

LONDON, April 21.—The latest details as to the fighting at Milouna pass make it evident that the Greeks suffered severely because of their lack of artillery. Several of the war correspondents aver that if the Greeks had possessed anything like adequate artillery the Turks would never have captured positions so obstinately held by the Greeks.

The Turks have clearly much to be thankful for in the years of organization of their artillery by German officers.

LONDON, April 21.—A dispatch to The Times from Cairo says that the Turkish government has called upon the khedive to expell all the Greeks from Egypt. As the Greeks number 50,000 and are the chief promoters of commerce and trade, their removal is desired by none save the old Turkish party. It is probable that France will undertake to protect them, and thus the expulsion will be avoided.

NEW YORK, April 21.—A communication has been received from Athens by Solon J. Vlasto, editor of the Greek newspaper Atlantis, from the ladies' committee of the Red Cross of Greece, of which Queen Olga and the Princess Sophia are the president and vice president respectively, asking that the women of America form a committee to assist the work of the Red Cross at the seat of war in caring for the dying and wounded by sending funds and supplies. Mr. Vlasto said that he would issue an appeal to the women of America and that a meeting would be called to discuss ways and means to take such action as was thought best.

LONDON, April 21.—A dispatch to The Morning Post from Constantinople says that the report that the Greek volunteers have cut the Salonica railway near Kavala is not confirmed. But the Greeks have occupied Mitylene and Chios after a sharp engagement with the Turkish troops.

SPAIN REFUSES TO PAY.

A Report to the Senate Concerning Arrest of American Sailors.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Secretary Sherman has sent to the senate, is response to a resolution, the correspondence in the case of two American sailors, Gustave Michelieu of Boston and August Bolten, who asked of Spain $10,000 indemnity each on account of their imprisonment for three weeks at Santiago de Cuba. The sailors claimed that they were shipwrecked on the coast of Cuba Feb. 16, 1894.

No charges were preferred against them and after three weeks they were released, one having contracted rheumatism in prison, the other yellow fever. Their attorneys presented claims to the state department and the case is still pending, although Spain has twice refused to pay indemnity, claiming that the appearance of the sailors in a boat without clearance papers, at about the time of the first filibustering expeditions, warranted their arrest and that the proceedings against them were the shortest permitted by the laws; that their statements did not agree and were evidently false.

Gentry's Life Spared.

HARRISBURG, April 21.—The board of pardons recommended commutation of the death sentence imposed upon James B. Gentry, for the murder of Actress Madge Yorke, to imprisonment for life. Governor Hastings approved the recommendation. Gentry was to have been hanged Thursday.

FUNERAL OF MRS. HANNA.

Her Grandsons Acted as Pallbearers. Interred at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 21.—The funeral of Mrs. S. M. Hanna, mother of Senator M. A. Hanna, was held from her late residence, No. 736 Prospect street. Dr. S. P. Sprecher officiated. The utmost simplicity was observed in all details.

The pallbearers were her grandsons, Dan R. Hanna, Howard M. Hanna, Charles M. Chapin of New York, Coburn Haskell, Robert L. Ireland, G. O. Baslington, A. C., and E. O. Saunders of St. Paul. The interment was at Lakeview cemetery.

Two Electrocutions at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, April 21. — Haas and Wiley were electrocuted in the penitentiary early this morning. They were the first electrocutions in the state and were very successful.

Minstrel Billy Burch Dead.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Billy Burch, the old-time minstrel, has died at his home of paralysis of the brain and chronic Bright's disease,

OUTRAGES IN CUBA.

Senator Morgan Tells of Shocking Happenings In the Province of Pinar Del Rio—Time For This Country to Put a Stop to the Butchery.

WASHINGTON, April 21. — Senator Morgan's resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba was discussed briefly in the senate and then went over for a week, owing to the absence of Senator Hale, who has been active in opposition. Mr. Morgan again urged the need of speedy action by this country to stay the devastation going on in Cuba.

He had just listened, he said, to the testimony of a witness before the committee on foreign relations, which presented a shocking condition of affairs in Pinar del Rio. It was morally impossible that the people of the United States should close their eyes to these horrors much longer. We are, he said, aroused over Greece and Crete and Armenia, but the very stench of these horrors is under our nose. He wanted Americans protected and scenes worse than those in the bloody days of the Netherlands brought to an end. If the senate passed this resolution, as he believed it would, human lives would be saved.

Mr. White stated that he had heard it intimated that the president was about to send a commissioner to Cuba. Would it not be desirable to await the report from this commissioner before taking action?

There was no need of awaiting further reports, answered Mr. Morgan. The country had been deluged with reports and unimpeachable evidence for the last two years.

Mr. Morgan went on to say that he expected when this commissioner came back from Cuba another one would go. In the meantime devastation, ruin, cruelty and extermination were going on in Cuba.

Mr. Mason (Rep., Ills.) offered a resolution directing the committee on rules to report a rule providing for a limitation of debate and for ordering the previous question. The resolution went over.

The agricultural appropriation bill was then taken up and passed without amendment.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—A sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations has examined Mr. Earl, a correspondent of several American newspapers in regard to the condition of affairs in Cuba. Mr. Earl recently returned from the island, where he spent all his time with the Spanish forces in Havana and Pinar del Rio. He represented the condition of affairs to be intolerably bad.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

He Will Go to New York Monday to the Grant Ceremonies.

WASHINGTON, April 21. — The arrangements for the president's trip to New York to attend the dedication of the Grant monument April 26 have been perfected. President McKinley with his family, the members of the the cabinet and their wives, the ambassadors and ministers of foreign countries and a few specially invited guests will leave here on a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad at 10:30 Monday morning, arriving in New York at 4:30.

General Miles, commander of the army, and Admiral Brown, the ranking admiral of the navy, will accompany the president as a special escort. The president and his immediate party will go to the Windsor hotel. The members of the cabinet and members of the diplomatic corps will be quartered at the Fifth Avenue hotel. After the exercises and review at Riverside park on Tuesday the president will board the government dispatch boat Dolphin in the east river and review the naval parade. In the evening Mr. McKinley will be the guest of honor at the Union League club. No time has been set for the return of the party on Wednesday.

Vice President Hobart and the members of the senate and house will leave here on a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio on Tuesday.

The precaution of having the president and vice president travel separately on such occasions is taken because while no danger is anticipated, it is regarded as wise to guard against the remotest possibility of embarrassing the administration of the government in case of the disability of the president.

RUSHING THROUGH THE LEVEES

The Flood Spreading Out, Thus Lowering the Main River.

MEMPHIS, April 21.—The river at Vicksburg, Helena, Natchez and all along from St. Joseph, La., to Bayou Sawa, La., is reported either stationary or falling. This condition is the result of the vast amount of water passing through the crevasses at Biggs and Reeds levees, above Natchez and at Hamburg, below.

The levee in the immediate vicinity of Natchez continues to hold under the great strain, but their holding is now of little interest to the planters in Concordia, Tensas and Madison parishes, as the water backed up from the breaks above and below will soon flood the rich lands of these parishes, and the result will be almost as disastrous as if other breaks should occur.

The Red and Texas rivers are now swelling and almost running over their banks and soon will begin spreading over a section of 30 miles to the interior. Work continues on the levees, however, without abatement and everything possible is being done to hold the remainder of the levee system intact.

Refugees continue to flock into the principal towns of the Mississippi and St. Francis deltas, and the relief committees are taxed to their utmost to provide for the wants of the multitude. At Memphis the river continues to fall. Reports from Greenville, Rosedale and Cairo state that an encouraging decline is noted.

MANY REPORTED DROWNED.

An Appeal Made For Boats to Save Flood Sufferers.

NATCHER, Miss., April 21.—A terrible tale of woe comes from Bayon Videl, in the lower portion of Madison parish. The water from the Biggs crevasse caught the people there unprepared and unaware of danger. Word was sent out from that locality requesting that boats be sent there at once, as the people were drowning.

How many were actually drowned is unknown, but Thomas Blackman, his wife and infant are known to have been drowned and Mr. T. P. Kells came near losing his life in attempting to save them. It is believed others have perished. Boats have been sent to the fated locality.

Won't Support Ivory's Claim.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The United States government will not support the demand for indemnity upon the British government of Edward Ivory, who was for some time in prison in London under suspicion of being concerned in a dynamite plot and recently filed with the state department a demand for an indemnity of about $100,000. The proceedings were regular in every respect.

Indicted For Embezzlement.

KANSAS CITY, April 21.—J. H. Aldrich, ex-cashier and paymaster of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railroad, has been indicted by the grand jury on the charge of embezzlement. Aldrich was arrested over a week ago, admitted that he had used $27,000 of the company's money entrusted to him and was released on heavy bond.

A Boundary Dispute Settled.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 21.—The senate has passed the resolution ratifying the treaty with England regarding the boundary between Mexico and the colony of Belize. This long unsettled question is now closed.

MUST HAVE HOLIDAY.

The Legislators Will Attend Grant Ceremonies.

THE HOUSE OVERRIDES THE VETO.

The Members of the Lower Branch Coincide With the Senators—Got a Tip That the Governor Did Not Care—Business Transacted.

HARRISBRG, April 21.—The legislature has decided to take a day off to attend the unveiling of the Grant monument Tuesday in New York. Plans for the trip are being made for a joint committee of the two bodies and will be announced during the week. The sedate will adjourn Thursday until the following Wednesday, and the house expects to get away Friday morning.

The resolution providing for the trip was back to the senate Monday night without executive approval, and was at once unanimously passed over the governor's veto. When it came up in the house for concurrence Speaker Boyer stated that he was informed by an official of the executive department that the governor's reason for disapproving the resolution was because he was asked to do so by the house, and he would not feel offended if that body passed it over his head, so it passed.

The Rodgers charter and the Lyon "ripper" were brought out of the house municipal corporations committee just as they were sent there, in spite of opponents' attempts to amend them.

HARRISBURG, April 21.—There was a slim attendance of members when the senate opened. After the usual preliminaries several bills were introduced. Among them was one presented by Mr. Saylor, to modify the existing auction laws and regulating auction sales. Mr. Coyle reported from committee the bill providing for the codifying of the railroad laws. The first bill on final passage was an act reducing the pay of county commissioners, prothonotaries, county treasurers and registers. This bill was defeated.

The following bills were passed finally: An act to protect the American flag from insult and degradation. An act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled "an act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court in and for counties having more than 150,000 inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof," approved May 19, 1887, amending that part of the same which applies to the fixing of the salaries of assistant clerks of the said court. An act authorizing the superintendent of public instruction to place in each public school of this commonwealth one copy of "Smull's Legislative Hand Book" and one copy of the school laws and decisions.

The bill entited "an act to authorize constables and other peace officers without first procuring a warrant to arrest persons reasonably suspected by them of offending against the laws protecting the timber lands" was up for final passage. There were several amendments offered, and the bill was defeated for the time being. It was called up immediately. Mr. Merrick objected to the bill, saying that it was too much power to put in the hands of constables and officers of that kind. A number of senators from the lumber country spoke in favor of the bill and it was finally passed.

Mr. Stiles introduced a bill to prevent the manufacture and sale of phosphorus matches. A similar bill was presented in the house, but has never been heard of since its introduction.

In the house C. K. Bolles introduced an act to provide for the taxation of the shares of stock in any bank or savings institutions having capital stock, incorporated under the laws of this commonwealth or of the United States.

Few committees had reports to present and the house was not long in getting down to a consideration of bills on final passage, of which there were several on the calendar. A reform bill was one of the first considered. It will be recalled that Mr. Woodruff's bill prohibiting political assessments was amended on second reading to apply to employes of all the cities and boroughs of the state and to corporations. These amendments left the bill in a crude shape and forbade corporations contributing to campaign funds.

The bill was so amended as to straighten out the crudities and to eliminate the feature making it a misdemeanor for a corporation to contribute. The bill now makes it unlawful for a political employe to assess a corporation.

CORBETT CHALLENGES FITZ.

He Puts Up $5,000 For Another Championship Bout.

NEW YORK, April 21.—James J. Corbett has formally challenged Robert Fitzsimmons to meet him again in the prizering and deposited $5,000 as a forfeit. The challenge is as follows:

To Robert Fitzsimmons, champion of the world:

"I hereby challenge you to box me any number of rounds for the championship of the world, under the provisions of the law, before the club offering the best inducements.

"As it would be a violation of the law to propose a side stake that is a detail that may be settled at your pleasure.

"As an evidence of my sincerity, however, I have today deposited the sum of $5,000, which I invite you to cover, and name a time and place to meet me and arrange the final details.

"JAMES J. CORBETT."

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Fitzsimmons declares that he means to pay no attention to the challenges from Corbett or anybody else for a time, as he had earned a rest and meant to have it. He adds, however, that he proposed to follow Corbett's example as dictator of the prizering and his reply was that the latter should earn a reputation as a fighter, instead of a boxer, before he presumed to challenge him.

NOT LIKELY TO WITHDRAW.

The Intimation From Hunter Thought to Be a Bluff.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 21.—The statement given out by Hunter's friends that he had already prepared a card withdrawing from the senatorial race has served to bring another big crowd of politicians to the capital. Many of those who arrived came to urge him to remain on the ticket and the others are candidates who hope to be made the new nominee.

The truth seems to be that the mission of both sides is a useless one. Hunter, the knowing ones say, may have prepared such a statement, but he is not preparing to withdraw. His enemies say his intimations that he will withdraw are made only for effect and that when the Franklin grand jury adjourns he will once more boldly claim his right to "fight it out on this line if it takes all summer.

Opposition Among Manufacturers.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The proposition made to congress by Secretary Herbert that congress provide for the establishment of a government plant for the manufacture of armor, in the event that the armor makers refused to accept the maximum price of $400 per ton, has aroused opposition on the part of the manufacturers of war material throughout the country.

An Ovation to Rhodes.

CAPE TOWN, April 21.—Cecil Rhodes' reception here on his return from England was in the nature of an ovation.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Lines Not Closely Drawn In Illinois. Result In Omaha.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Reports received of the municipal elections held throughout Illinois indicate that party lines were not sharply drawn. Streator, Centralia, Pontiac, Bloomington, Joliet, Decatur and Lemont elected Republican mayors, and in Freeport, Kankakee, Litchfield, Jacksonville and Peoria the Democratic mayoralty ticket was victorious. In the latter city John Warner was the successful candidate, winning by the narrow plurality of 17 out of a total vote of 10,460. The Republicans will contest.

In Rockford the election was the hottest in the history of the city, the A. P. A. question being the issue. The present mayor was re-elected on the anti-A. P. A. ticket. Danville elected an independent candidate, the Republicans carrying the balance of the ticket. In Cairo the victor turned up in the Civic Federation candidate.

OMAHA, April 21.—The election here was conducted under discouraging circumstances, a cold rain failing. The public interest was light and the vote was remarkably small. Party lines were not sharply drawn, but a semblance of politics was given the affair by the fusion of Democrats, Populists and free silver Republicans against the Republican nominees. Frank E. Moores, Republican, is elected mayor over E. E. Howell, fusion, by less than 200.

THE PARNELLITE CONVENTION.

Redmond Irishmen Meet and Formulate Policies In Dublin.

DUBLIN, April 21.—There were 160 prominent Parnellites present at the convention summoned to meet in this city by John E. Redmond. The meeting was private. A resolution was adopted providing for the formation of an independent Irish league in which agarian interests are not to be dominant and which will be founded upon "the broader and sounder basis of independent political action for the benefit of the whole Irish nation."

The object of the league will be "civil and religious liberty and no further interference of priests in politics; absolute independence of alliances with any English party and reverting to the old demand for co-ordinate parliaments; the principle of federalism in Mr. Gladstone's home rule proposals and manhood suffrage which will give the Parnellites a political majority in Ireland."

The league will also urge the immediate redress of Ireland's financial grievances, amnesty for all political prisoners, land law reform and the development and encouragement of labor and the industrial resources of the country, etc.

A temporary executive committee was elected to draft the plan of organization and to hold office until the Parnellite convention meets again in October.

WOUNDED A JAILER.

Bandits Made a Desperate Attempt to Escape In Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, April 21. — Burglar Frank Connors and Highwayman Ben Johnson, desperate criminals, seriously and perhaps fatally wounded Jailer Charles Fay at the Wyandotte county jail at Kansas City, Kan., in attempting to escape. Both men were armed with revolvers. Fay managed to fling his keys through a window into the jail yard before the prisoners could secure them, and other officials came to the jailer's rescue.

After being locked up Connors and Johnson attempted to commit suicide, each taking a big dose of opium. They were found unconscious and groaning, and it took two hours' hard work before the doctors could get them out of danger. It is believed both will live. The men have strong charges pending against them, and each stands liable to ten years' penitentiary sentence.

Another Fatal Prizefight.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Billy Vernon of Haverstraw, N. Y., has been probably fatally injured in a boxing bout with Leslie Pearce of Camden, N. J., at the Olympia Athletic club at Athens, Pa. Pearce was placed under arrest, but every other person connected with the affair managed to escape.

Archbishop Ryan's Jubilee.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—The jubilee in celebration of the silver anniversary of Archbishop Patrick J. Ryan will continue with varied exercises until Friday evening next. Archbishop Ryan became titular bishop of the see of Tricomia 25 years ago last Wednesday.

Italian Expedition Safe.

ROME, April 21.—The Italian Geographibal society has received news of the safety of the Botego expedition, reported to have been destroyed by the Abyssinians.

White Squadron at New York.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The white squadron has arrived in port to take part in the naval parade next Tuesday, when Grant's tomb is dedicated.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 20.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 92@93c; No. 2 red, 90@91c; spring wheat, 88@90c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 28¼@28¾c; No. 2 shelled, 28¼@28¾c; high mixed shelled, 27¾@28c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25¼@25¾c; No. 2 do, 24½@24¾c; extra No. 3 white, 25¼@25¾c; light mixed, 19@20c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.50@12.00; No. 2, $10.00@10.50; packing, $6.00@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.50@8.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 6½@7c per pair; live chickens, small, 45@50c per pair; dressed, 10@12c per pound; live ducks, 75@90c per pair; dressed, 15@16c per pound; live turkeys, 12@13c per pound; dressed, 16@18c per pound; live geese, $1.00@1.25 per pair.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20c; creamery, 19@19½c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17½@17½c; fancy country roll, 15c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 12½@13c; Ohios, full cream, late make, 10½@11c; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tube, 11½c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, in large lots, 9c; in a jobbing way, 9½@10c; selected fancy stock, 10½@11c; duck eggs, 20@25c; goose eggs, 60@65c.

PITTSBURG, April 20.

CATTLE—Receipts light on Monday, about 30 cars on sale; market steady. Supply today light, prices unchanged. We quote the following prices: Prime, $5.10@5.25; good, $4.60@4.90; tidy, $4.50@4.70; good butchers', $4.30@4.50; fair, $3.90@4.25; feeders, $3.75@4.40; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.75; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $30.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts fair on Monday, about 30 cars on sale; market only fair. Today run is light, market active. We quote: Prime medium weights and best Yorkers, $4.20@4.25; fair Yorkers, $4.10@4.15; heavy hogs, $4.10@4.20; pigs, $3.90@4.00; roughs, $2.75@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair on Monday, about 20 cars on sale; market steady. Receipts today light, market active. We would quote the following prices: Clipped sheep, choice, $4.50@4.60; good, $4.35@4.45; fair, $4.00@4.25; common, $3.10@3.75; choice lambs, $5.25@5.50; common to good, $4.25@5.15; spring lambs, $5.00@8.00; veal calves, $4.50@5.00; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@3.50. Wooled sheep not wanted.

CINCINNATI, April 20.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.25@4.10.

CATTLE—Market quiet at $2.75@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $3.00@5.00. Lambs—Market steady at $4.00@5.75.

NEW YORK, April 20.

WHEAT—Spot market dull and lower; No. 2 red, 83½c; No. 3 hard winter, 80c.

CORN—Spot market easier and more active; No. 2, 36½c.

OATS—Spot market stronger but quiet; No. 2, 25c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10½@11¾c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 10½@10¾c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9½@10c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sellers holding for higher figures; nominal quotations. Unshorn sheep, $4.00@5.25; clipped sheep, $3.50@4.50; unshorn lambs, $5.25@6.62½; clipped lambs $4.75@5.62½. State spring lambs, $6.00@8.00 each.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.25@4.35.

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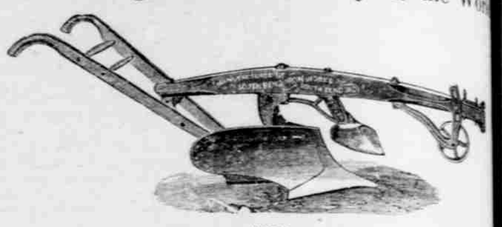

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EBENSBURG, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 18, 1894.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days ... 12 45 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days ... 4 30 a m
Main Line Express, daily ... 10 30 a m
Altoona Accom., week days ... 1 40 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only ... 4 30 p m
Mail Express, daily ... 8 10 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily ... 10 40 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days ... 8 30 a m
Pacific Express, daily ... 10 50 a m
Way Passenger, daily ... 2 00 p m
Mail Train, daily ... 5 10 p m
Pittsburg Express, daily ... 7 00 p m
Fast Line, daily ... 8 10 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days ... 8 45 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Hastings and the North ... 7 30 a m
From Cresson ... 10 40 a m
From Vintondale ... 10 40 a m
From Cresson ... 2 40 p m
From Cresson ... 6 50 p m
From Vintondale ... 6 50 p m
From Cresson ... 10 40 p m

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Cresson ... 7 30 a m
For Hastings and the North ... 10 40 a m
For Vintondale ... 10 40 a m
For Cresson ... 2 40 p m
For Vintondale ... 2 40 p m
For Hastings and the north ... 6 50 p m
For Cresson ... 10 40 p m

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 1.20 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 11.40 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

S. L. REED. MAYO'